The Mapleton Item.

VOL. 1. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 19, 1890. NO. 50.

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Nut,	(Net Tons)	$4.40
Stove,	" "	$4.40
No. 4,	" "	$4.65

Leave your orders at the office.

Main Street——Near Depot.

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——BETWEEN——

Mapleton & Cassville.

Tri-weekly—Monday, Wednesday, and Friday. Leave Cassville, on each of the above named days, at 7.30 o'clock, a. m., arriving at Mapleton at 11 o'clock, a. m. Returning, leave Mapleton at any time to suit convenience of passengers. Fare, 50 cents. Merchandise carried at reasonable rates. W. A. HIGHT.

Cassville, Pa., July 3, 1889.-tf.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE ITEM.

Sight Compared with the Other Senses.

["Prize Essay," written for the Philadelphia *Press*, by Mrs. J. O. Heaton, of Cassville, this county.]

The eye has been appropriately called "the window of the soul," for it contributes more to the enjoyment and happiness of man than any of the other senses, through which mind holds communion with the external world. It opens to us by its wonderful mechanism a world of beauty. The diameter of the eye is less than an inch, yet as we look over an extended landscape every feature, with all its variety of shade and color, is repeated in miniature on the retina. Millions upon millions of ether waves, converging from every direction, break on that tiny beach. The sight is the most closely connected with the brain of all the senses, and shares with it, all the various conditions of excitement or depression, it is also the most intellectual and discriminating, and enables us to enjoy objects, which are at a great distance. Not only landscapes, but paintings and statues, waving trees, and lovely blooming plants, do our eyes revel in. The sense of feeling gives us an idea of extension, height and quality of objects, but its power is limited by the number, bulk, or distance, of the object and can not compare with the sight. The sense of hearing is most wonderfully perfect, sound waves chase one another through the air in entangled pulsations yet a cylinder not larger than a quill conveys them to the ear, and each string of that wonderful harp selects its appropriate sound and repeats the music to the soul. A seamstress can tell by the sound if it is silk or cotton that is being torn, we recognize a voice without seeing the face, yet we think this sense, less important than the sight, for without the latter it is almost impossible for one to gain the knowledge necessary for the maintainance of one's existence, and hence we claim it is the most valuable.

The First Oyster-Eater.

Once upon a time—it must be a very long time ago, however—a man who was walking by the sea shore, listening to the murmur of the sad sea waves, spied an old and ugly oyster all covered over with parasites and sea-weeds. It was so ugly that he kicked it with his foot, and the animal, astonished at receiving such rude treatment on its own domain, gaped wide with indignation. Seeing the beautiful cream-colored layers that shone within the shelly covering, and fancying the interior of the shell to be beautiful, the man lifted up the "aged native" for further examination, inserting his finger and thumb within the shells. The oyster, thinking, no doubt, that this was meant as a further insult snapped its pearly doors close upon the finger of the intruder, causing him some little pain. After releasing his pinched finger the man very naturally put it in his mouth. "Delightful!" exclaimed he, "What is this?" And again he sucked his thumb. Then the truth flashed upon him that he had found out a new delight. He took up a stone and forced open the doors of the oyster and gingerly tried a piece of the fish itself. Delicious was the result; and so, there and then, with no other condiment than the juice of the animal, did that nameless and solitary man make the first oyster banquet.

A very long time ago indeed! He must have been a pre-historic savage, a caveman, that enterprising discoverer, and he must have lived when the mammoth and the woolly rhinoceros roamed over the country now called England—for oyster-shells are found in the relics of primitive feasts and in the refuse-heaps left behind them by the earliest inhabitants of Europe. Britian was famous for its oysters in the time of the Romans.—*S. S. Classmate.*

Sound Sense Well Expressed.

Ex-President Cleveland, speaking in the interest of the New York Free Circulating Library at Chickering Hall, on a few days ago uttered strongly some sound sentiments. After showing the importance that our youth and our men and women should have the ability, the desire, and the opportunity to read, he set forth that the kind of books they should read is no less important, and in doing this said:

The boy who greedily devours the vicious tales of imaginary daring and blood-curdling adventures which in these days are far too accessible to the young, will have his brain filled with notions of life and standards of manliness which if they do not make him a menace to peace and good order, will certainly not tend to make him a "useful member of society. The man who devotes himself to the flash literature, now much too common, will almost surely degenerate in his ideas of public duty, and grow dull in the notions of the obligations he owes to his country. ***So, too, the young woman who seeks recreation and entertainment in reading silly and frivolous books, often of doubtful moral tendency, is herself in the way of becoming frivolous and silly, if not of weak morality." If she escapes this latter condition she is almost certain to become utterly unfitted to bear patiently the burden of self-support, or to assume the sacred duties of wife and mother.

Ex-President Cleveland has had a diversified personal experience of life and a wide and long public career as Sheriff of Erie County, Mayor of Buffalo, Governor of New York, and President of the United States. He knows what temptations attend youth and middle age, and how hard it is when once the downward course is entered upon to reconstruct the character.

He knows therefore what he is talking about, and having attained an exalted position in the confidence of many of his fellow-citizens his words are of great weight.—*Christian Advocate.*

Paste This in Your Hat.

Every man should paste this in his hat or put it where he will fall over it six times each day: Drink nothing without seeing it. Sign nothing without reading, and make sure that it means nothing more than it says. Don't go to law unless you are forced to and have something to lose. In any business never wade in where you cannot see the bottom. Put no dependence on the label of a bag, and count money before you receipt for it. See the sack before you buy what is in it. for he who trades in the dark asks to be cheated.

Unlucky "1313."

That the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will eventually be compelled to abandon engine No. 1313, now in use on the road, is becoming more apparent every day.

It is regarded by railroad men as "unlucky," and there is not a superstitious dread of the huge monster which, during the past year, has figured in more disastrous wrecks than any other. In the first place, it plunged over the bridge at Latrobe last summer, wrecking the whole train and killing the engineer, fireman and ten others, and seriously injuring about a dozen persons. About a month afterward it collided with a train near Manor, seriously injuring the fireman and wrecking a number of cars. Again in a few weeks, while ascending the mountain, its boiler burst and the fireman was blown through the cab window and badly hurt.

It was repaired and once more put on the road, and all went well until about six weeks ago, when it again ran into a freight at Manor Station, smashing ten or twelve cars and slightly injuring the fireman. Lastly, while running near Sang Hollow last Tuesday, it got into another scrape. This time its oil can exploded and severely burned both engineer and fireman. It is now said that the employees of the road intend to ask the company to discontinue its use.

The Voice.

Probably no one can ever fully estimate how much influence he is constantly exerting through his tones of voice. Nothing is so powerful to cheer the drooping energies of a discouraged group as the inspiring tones of hope in the words of a new arrival. Who has not seen the immediate effect of a glad and sprightly voice breaking in upon a dull and uninterested party of people? How their eyes brighten, and their brows clear, and their forms become erect! On the other hand, let a solemn, or doleful, or fretful voice break in on a gay and cheerful company, and how quickly the smile dies on the lip, and the depressing influence goes round! The infant who cannot understand a word that its mother says is soothed and pleased, or grieved and frightened by her tones, and the seeds thus sown of love and gentleness, or of harshness and impatience, are sure to bear fruit in his later development, and exert a strong influence in mellowing his future character, and preparing it to contend the better with the roughness of the world.

MANY a person fails to increase his effectiveness, by justifying his present inefficiency. In all departments of life, he who is constantly criticising his own work and persistently goading himself, is the one who actually makes progress. Our natural tendency is toward ease. It is only when we fight as it were against our own nature, and overcome this tendency, that we push onward and upward into new fields of operation. Hence in all its phases, life is a constant warfare.

The person who says that he is good enough, that he has as much religion as he wishes, is unintentionally declaring that either he has no religion, or what he has is on the decline. The student who is content to stand at the foot of his class, the professional man who is willing to hold a mediocre rank among those of his profession, the business man who cares not whether his business flourishes or not, each shows himself unworthy the position which he occupies. He either is out of his element, or is unworthy his high calling. Society would be benefitted if such persons were to step aside and give place to better men.

He who always feels that he is not doing well enough, and is devising ways by which to do a little better and to accomplish a little more work, is the one who will always be found measuring up to the great issues of the day, and will do much to lead the minds of men into new domains of thought and investigation. What the world demands, is the spirit of aggressiveness. And indeed a higher authority, namely *duty*, calls for just such activity, and will not be satisfied with anything less.

"Duty points with outstretched fingers
Every soul to action high.
Woe betide the soul that lingers;
Onward, onward is the cry."

In this extremely active age, the prosy, the indifferent, the unprogressive, are left in the rear, and the onward, bustling throng soon lose sight of them.—*Dickinson Liberal.*

Little Trough Creek.

The past ground-hog season has caused us to conclude that his hogship don't know any more about the weather than Wiggins, Devoe & Co.

In traveling our much-discussed roads last week I thought if the Cassville correspondent would gather up his old lady and drive up the valley as far as Pine Grove they would conclude that it was the smoothest drive in all the 30 years that they have been sojourning together. Of course it would be well for the old lady to provide a suitable wrap "of which they doubtless have plenty" to keep the mud off them as all roads are apt to be more or less muddy this time of year.

Frank Mierly took advantage of the condition of the roads and drove all the way from his residence to Huntingdon and got married. I think I know enough of him to warrant me in saying that he would have done so no matter how bad the roads might have been. Congratulations extended.

A. G. Wright has the best matched span of mules in the valley and he is correspondingly happy over his lucky purchase.

C. M. Glasgow's sale came off on the 14th. The forenoon was so unfavorable that the sale was not commenced until near 1 o'clock p. m. Messrs. Allison did a lively business selling nearly $1000 worth of goods in less than four hours. One brood mare brought $183, chickens brought 26 to 80 cents apiece other, things in proportion.

Mrs. Corbin has so far recovered as to be able to sit up in a chair, her daughter, Mrs. Oliver Swope, has been suffering with her back for some time, at times being unable to get around. This is partly due to the long attention to and handling of her mother.

Messrs. Crotsley took advantage of the cold snap to fill their ice house. The indications now are for better ice than has been harvested this winter. However the price of ice will not likely advance the coming season on account of its great thickness as was talked of a few years ago.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

A NEW YORK theatrical company left that city for Washington by special train the other morning, played at a matinee in the National Capital and returned to the metropolis in time for the regular evening performance.

THE Court of Inquiry appointed to examine into the charges against Commander Bowman H. McCalla, of the United States steamer Enterprise, began proceedings at the Brooklyn Navy Yard.

AT the annual meeting of the Pennsylvania Railroad it was decided to issue four hundred thousand additional shares of capital stock.

TWO men were killed and half a dozen injured by an explosion of dynamite near Rockville Centre, N. Y.

THE Saxton Ballot Reform bill has been passed by the Assemby of New York.

GOVERNOR LADD and all the other State officers, save the Attorney-General, have been renominated by the Rhode Island Republicans in State Convention at Providence.

HARBISON & LODER, wholesale dealers in dry goods, New York, have made an assignment. Liabilities $300,000.

South and West.

THE warehouse of the B. C. Clark Crockery Company at Kansas City, Mo., has been burned, with a loss of $102,000.

CHARLES WILLIAMS and his twelve-year-old son were found murdered in their bed at their home in Galena, Kan. Williams was blind and lost both arms in a mine accident.

THE Mississippi levees were reported broken in Arkansas.

THE house of Charles Gibson (colored) in Beaufort County, S. C., has been destroyed by fire. His wife and a child perished in the flames.

TWO trains collided near Inland, Neb., and Conductor Grant Norton and Brakeman Canada Miller were killed and eighteen cars were wrecked.

THE five story building in Cincinnati, Ohio, owned and occupied by Stern, Mayer & Co., has been completely gutted by fire. Loss about $300,000.

BILL ALLEN and Witherford Trying, two colored men charged with the murder of Constable Belcher, were taken from the Mercer County (W. Va.) jail, and shot to death.

THE Missouri Anti-Trust law has been pronounced unconstitutional by Judge Dillon in the United States Circuit Court at St. Louis.

THE United States steamer Iroquois arrived at Port Townsend, Wash., disabled, after beating against head winds nearly four months.

NORTH CAROLINA has funded $11,000,000 of the old State debt into new four per cents. There is now only $1,600,000 of the old debt outstanding.

THE Larned State Bank, of Larned, Kan., has suspended payment. The assets are $71,000, and the liabilities $33,000.

FRANK MILLER was instantly killed and Alfred Westergren had his skull crushed by the fall of a derrick at Ortonville, South Dakota.

THE Chicago, Burlington and Northern Railroad has been bought by the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy.

DAVID MCGREW, pastor of the colored Baptist Church at Armstrong, Mo.; Andrew Begman, and Will Jackson, all colored, were run over by the Union Pacific train and killed.

SIX prisoners have escaped from the county jail at Eau Claire, Wis. They were all burglars.

THE trial in San Francisco of Mrs. Sarah Althea Terry for resisting the United States Marshal has concluded. The jury failed to agree on a verdict.

THE lower Mississippi has overflowed its banks in many places, causing much damage.

JUDGE ANDREW J. DAVIS, Montana's richest citizen, has just died, leaving an estate valued from $6,000,000 to $10,000,000.

A MYSTERIOUS malady, believed to be spotted fever, is prevailing in Jefferson County, Tenn. The contagion has broken out in Carson College. Four deaths have occurred.

VERNON HAY and George Pollard, two runaway pupils from the Illinois State Institution for Deaf Mutes, were run over by a train at Jacksonville, Ill. Hay was killed and Pollard severely hurt.

HENRY NURRE, a farmer of Clinton County, Iowa, was found murdered in his house and his wife seriously wounded. The murderer is not known.

SPECIAL PENSION EXAMINER REIGART'S friends at Maysville, Ky., gave him a banquet on the occasion of the anniversary of his accession to office. Upon taking his first mouthful of food he was seized with violent coughing and was strangled to death by a piece of meat which had lodged in his windpipe.

Washington.

A COMMITTEE reported to the Pan-American Congress in favor of subsidized lines to ports of Mexico and of countries along the Caribbean Sea.

EX-CONGRESSMAN TAULBEE, of Kentucky, who was shot by Correspondent Kincaid in the House wing of the Capitol a short time ago, is dead. Mr. Kincaid gave himself up for trial. Taulbee had assaulted Kincaid for publishing an article reflecting upon him in a Louisville paper. Kincaid met Taulbee soon after the assault, and the shooting then occurred.

THE House Military Committee reported favorably the bill to reorganize the five artillery regiments of the army into seven.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL MILLER has appointed Charles D. Baker to be Assistant Attorney for the Southern District of New York.

A TEST was made of the new fire alarm apparatus in the White House and of the efficiency of the District Fire Department. Both were highly satisfactory.

COLONEL F. A. SEELY, of Washington, and Francis Forbes, of New York city, have been appointed delegates to the International Conference which is to be held at Madrid, Spain.

THE President nominated John B. Weber, of Buffalo, to be Commissioner of Emigration, and General J. R. O'Beirne, Assistant Commissioner.

THE President sent to the Senate the following nominations: Henry C. Gooding, of Indiana, to be Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Arizona; Alexander Ramsey Mininger, United States Marshal for Northern District of Alabama, and Andrew Davidson, of New York, to be First Deputy Commissioner of Pensions.

Foreign.

A DEMONSTRATION of students was made at the graves of young Czech nobles at Walschau in Bohemia. The students were dispersed by the police and a number of them were arrested.

THE firm of Browne & Wingrove, London, melters and refiners and dealers in bullion, have failed. Their liabilities are $1,500,000.

IN an encounter at Elassona, Turkey, between the troops and a band of brigands, over twenty of the former were killed and six of the latter The brigands were dispersed.

HEAVY rains prevailed in the province of Murcia in Spain. The rivers overflowed their banks and did much damage to the surrounding country.

A DESPATCH from London stated that a frightful explosion had occurred in the Morsa Colliery at Glamorgan, Wales. One hundred miners were entombed. As the mine was on fire, it was feared that all would perish.

THE Toronto City Council has invited the Women's Congress of the United states to hold their next meeting in that city.

HERR VON TISZA, the great Liberal statesman, of Hungary, resigned as Hungarian Prime Minister, and was succeeded by Count von Szapary.

THE grip is raging in Teheran, Persia, causing seventy deaths daily. Several of the Shah's household are among the sufferers.

THE Portuguese Government dissolved the municipal Government of Lisbon, substituting for it temporarily a commission.

THE French Government has determined to occupy the Dahomian Province at Whydah, on the African slave coast.

AN epidemic resembling influenza is spreading in India.

THE Presidential campaign in Peru has resulted in some bloody collisions between the factions, and one massacre by Indians.

MAJOR-GENERAL SIR HOWARD CRAUFURD ELPHINSTONE was washed from a steamer in the South Atlantic Ocean and drowned.

TEN Cretan refugees have been sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment at Retimo, Crete. The news has caused a sensation in Athens, Greece.

THE Opposition papers in Brazil condemn the recent decree establishing three banks in the Northern Provinces. They say the carrying out of the decree is likely to cause great confusion.

THE league which was formed in Portugal for the avowed purpose of assaulting the British Minister, has been abandoned. The anti-English feeling is subsiding.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

NINETEEN bills for the suppression of trusts are now before Congress.

THE latest Chilian census gives 484 centenarians—211 males and 273 females.

GOLD has been discovered in a gravel bank near Sioux Falls, South Dakota.

NEW YORK CITY furnishes two-thirds of the 3480 convicts in the prisons of the State.

THE Lower House of the Massachusetts Legislature has rejected a prohibitory liquor bill.

THE grip caused an increase of 5000 deaths above the average in the State of New York.

A JAPANESE INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION is to be held in Tokio, from April to July inclusive.

IT is now known that eighty-eight persons lost their lives by the explosion in the Morsa Colliery in Wales.

REPORTS from Texas say that hundreds of cattle have been frozen to death during the recent blizzard there.

THE German Government will form fifty more battalions of artillery in order to complete two new army corps.

UNLESS something is done to relieve the present scarcity of capital in Japan a commercial crisis is not far off.

THE fund for a Washington Memorial Arch in New York has reached $74,000. The sum wanted is $100,000.

THE American contributions to the Irish Land League during the last fortnight in February amounted to $50,000.

THE Customs Committee of the French Chamber of Deputies has voted to impose a duty of sixty cents on foreign corn and one dollar on corn flour.

IT is said that the natural gas of Indiana has been the means of bringing into that State more than $20,000,000 in capital, and fully 10,000 mechanics.

STANLEY'S book will be translated into French, German, Italian, Czech, Swedish and Spanish, and will be published in the several countries simultaneously.

IRON and glass manufacturers of Pittsburg have sent an agent to South America in the interest of their firms to develop trade for American manufacturers.

REPORTS of members of the party which has just completed the survey of the Colorado River canon, state that a railway line through the country is feasible.

THE telegraph lines at work in India now extend over 33,000 miles, representing no less than 100,000 miles of wire. Last year the net profit was nearly 4½ per cent.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL MILLER has decided that under the law Chinese merchants cannot land in the United States in the absence of certificates prescribed in the Chinese Exclusion act.

THERE is a meat famine in Upper Silesia, Austria. American pork being excluded and the native product inadequate, unheard-of prices prevail, and the workingmen are unable to buy even sausage.

IT is reported that at the coming session of the German Reichstag the Government will demand fresh military credits, and will again introduce the Anti-Socialist bill which was rejected by the last Reichstag.

A COMPANY called the Commercial and and Industrial Company of the Congo has just been organized in Paris, with a capital of $500,000, for the purpose of carrying on trade in the French Congo region.

FIVE SAILORS DROWNED.

They Succumb After a Desperate Struggle for Life.

The steamer Defiance arrived at Norfolk, Va., from Baltimore, and Captain Burgess reported that on passing York Spit Lighthouse that morning he saw a schooner ashore and sunk on the spit near the northwest buoy. About the same time a yawl boat was seen containing five men leaving the sunken schooner and pulling for the lighthouse. The wind was blowing with terrific force, and as the boat approached the lighthouse it was thrown against the iron piles and swamped, and all five men were thrown overboard.

The men grasped the iron rods of the piles in a desperate struggle for life, but the waves dashed over them with such fury that they were soon overpowered and lost their hold, and were drowned. It is supposed the schooner was an oyster vessel and was trying to run into East River.

THE late John Jacob Astor owned 2700 high-class dwelling houses in New York, rented at an aveage of $2000 a year each. He owned besides tenement houses in untold numbers and no end of real estate devoted to business uses.

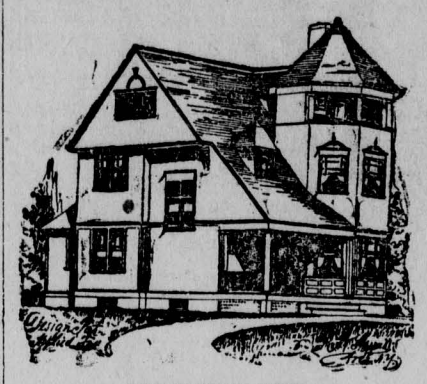
A TOWER HOUSE.

A Dwelling of Moderate Cost, With Full Explanations.

(Copyright by the Author.)

For the information of boys who are considering the choice of a profession it may be said that the profession of architecture is not crowded. The number of architects in the United States does not exceed six thousand, all told. There is a rapidly developing appreciation of architectural services among the people that promises a vast deal of work for the future.

A significant fact is that architects' sons often follow their fathers' profession. The prizes are few, as they are in every calling,



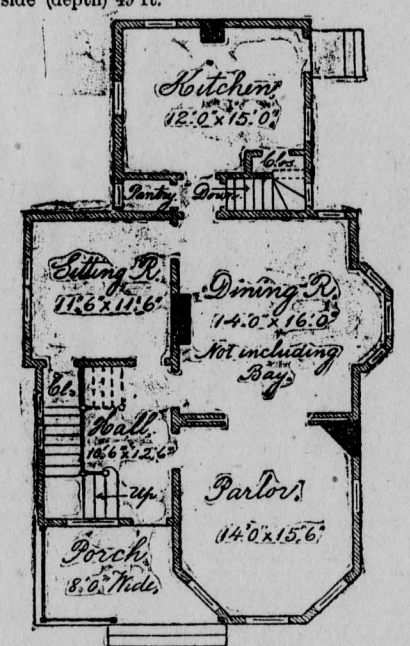
PERSPECTIVE VIEW.

but the routine of work is varied and interesting. A "taste for drawing," which in young people usually means a simple facility of hand in copying, is of no particular value. The architect must design, invent, construct. Drawings are essential to express his ideas, but they are only the shadows of his work, not the substance.

A good test of a boy's taste and of his fitness for the profession is to require him to indicate what he considers the best designed and planned houses of a neighborhood or of a published volume of designs.

Below will be found a brief description of the design illustrating this article:

Size of Structure: Width (front) 30 ft.: side (depth) 49 ft.



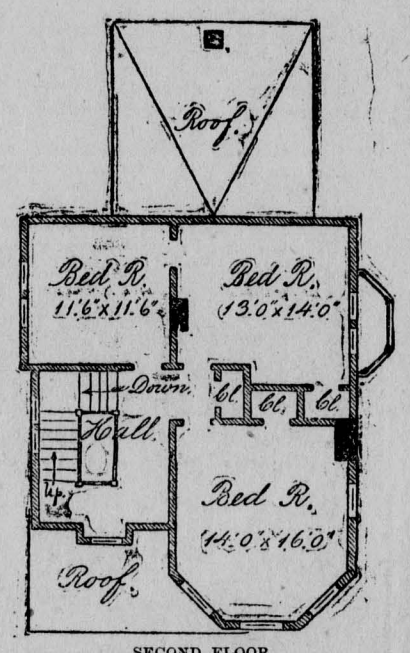
FIRST FLOOR.

Height of Stories: Cellar, 7 ft.; first story, 9 ft. 6 in.; second story, 9 ft.; attic story, 8 ft.

Materials for Exterior Walls: Foundations, brick; first story, clapboards; second story, shingles; roof, shingles.

Interior Finish: Hard white plaster and soft wood trim; hardwood staircase; porch floor and ceiling oiled and finished in natural colors: quaint leaded panes in hall windows.

Exterior Colors: All clapboards, gray stone color; shingles of second story and tower (up to roof) and of gables, stained light gray; underside of gable overhang, corner boards, window and door casings, water table, all cornices



SECOND FLOOR.

and belts, medium dark drab; sashes, white; doors and blinds, medium dark drab, with a lighter shade of drab for panels and slats; roofs and roof ridges, stained light green; foundation walls and chimneys, red.

Accommodations: The principal rooms and their sizes, closets, etc., are shown by the plans given herewith. There is a cellar under the whole house. Two rooms and a hall finished in the attic. The balcony is arranged to be enclosed with glass when desired. Sliding doors between the parlor and dining-room. If preferred, the stairway may start up from the rear of the hall instead of from the front. No fireplaces are included, but they may be introduced in all rooms of the first and second stories at an average cost (including mantels) of $50 each.

Cost: For localities where prices for materials and labor are about the same as the prices in the vicinity of New York city, $2500. R. W. SHOPPELL, Architect.

THERE are now five buildings and fourteen rooms along the line of the New York Central devoted to the use of the employes of that road as places of rest, recreation, education and religious instruction. No intoxicants find a place in them, and they are substitutes for the saloon. They have been erected or leased by the men themselves, aided by the railroad, and especially by Cornelius Vanderbilt.

Turned Into a Pin Cushion.

There is in Georgia a Confederate General who was literally shot full of pins during the late war. He was an extemporized pin cushion, but the pins saved his life. On one occasion the General was lying in his tent at night. The Federals were near enough to shoot into the camp.

It is said he had just finished a letter home and had thrown himself down for a few hours' rest before the hot work that would begin in the early morning, when ping! a minie bullet from a sharpshooter's rifle sped through the tent and struck the General in his left side. The blow stunned him, and he lay as dead for a few moments.

When he recovered consciousness he felt a stinging pain in his breast, and, tearing open his shirt, found that the ball had struck a package of pins his wife had given him, thinking they would be needful in those days when there was no one to sew and patch, and had driven every one of them into his flesh. They had saved his life, but he was a walking cushion, bristling with pin-heads.—*Atlanta Journal.*

Electrical Phenomena.

Remarkable electrical phenomena are witnessed at the new observatory on the steep and isolated Santis in northern Switzerland. Thunder storms are extremely frequent; thus in June and July last year only three days were without them. As a rule, thunder peals from midday till evening. The noise is short, partly owing to shortness of flashes and partly to the small amount of echo. The thunder storms come on quite suddenly, in a clear sky. One of the surest indications of their approach is the bristling of the observer's hair. During hail, the iron rods of the house give a hissing sound, associated with luminous effects.

From the year the Patent Office was established up to the present time, 3500 patents have been granted to females. The first woman patentee was Mary Kees, who invented a machine for weaving a mixture of silk and thread.

Progress.

It is very important in this age of vast material progress that a remedy be pleasing to the taste and to the eye, easily taken, acceptable to the stomach and healthy in its nature and effects. Possessing these qualities, Syrup of Figs is the one perfect laxative and most gentle diuretic known.

The development of Texas has but just begun, yet there are 2106 post-offices in the State, the receipts are more than $1,000,000 annually, and the length of mail routes is more than 22,000 miles.

$100 Reward. $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

☞ Sold by Druggists, 75c.

A MICHIGAN mathematician calculates that 17,503,000 people in the United States have had the grip.

The Handsomest Lady in Town

Remarked to a friend the other day that she knew Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs was a superior remedy, as it stopped her cough instantly when other cough remedies had no effect whatever. So to prove this and convince you of its merit any druggist will give you a Sample Bottle *Free.* Large size 50c. and $1.

HORATIO ALGER, who has spent his life in writing books for boys, has made a comfortable fortune in this line of literature.

$2500 Reward for a Lost Cat.

The equivalent in English money of $2500 was once offered by an old lady in London for the return of a favorite cat which had strayed or been stolen. People called her a "crank," and perhaps she was. It is unfortunate that one of the gentler sex should ever gain this title, yet many do. It is, however, frequently not their fault. Often functional derangements will apparently change a woman's entire nature. Don't blame such sufferers if they are "cranky," but tell them to use Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which is an infallible remedy for "female weaknesses." It will soon restore them to their normal condition. It is *warranted* to give satisfaction in every case, or money paid for it will be refunded.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, the original and only genuine Little Liver Pills; 25 cents a vial; one a dose.

FAYETTE COUNTY, Virginia, contains 9000 dogs, one town alone having 1000 of them.

From the Lat eColonel D. McDaniell,

Owner of some of the fastest running horses in the world:

JEROME PARK, June 21, 1884.

This is to certify that I have used Dr. TOBIAS' HORSE VENETIAN LINIMENT and DERBY CONDITION POWDERS on my race horses and found them to give perfect satisfaction. In fact they have never failed to cure any ailment for which they were used. The liniment, when rubbed in by the hand, never blisters or takes the hair off. It has more penetrative qualities than any other I have tried, which I suppose is the great secret of its wonderful success in curing sprains. The ingredients from the Derby powers are made have been made known to me by Dr. Tobias. They are perfectly harmless. Sold by the druggists and saddlers.

JAY GOULD has purchased nearly all the coal fields in the Southwest.

No soap in the world has *ever* been imitated as much as Dobbins's Electric Soap. The market is *full* of imitations. Be careful that you are not *deceived.* "J. B. Dobbins, Philadelphia and New York," is stamped on every bar.

THE Czar of Russia, as a private individual, is the largest landowner in the world.

We recommend "Tansill's Punch" Cigar.

That Tired Feeling

Has never been more prevalent and more prostrating than now. The winter has been mild and unhealthful, influenza epidemic and fevers have visited nearly all our homes, leaving about everybody in a weak, tired-out, languid condition. The usefulness of Hood's Sarsaparilla is thus made greater than ever, for it is absolutely unequalled as a building-up, strengthening medicine. If you have never taken Hood's Sarsaparilla try it and you will realize its recuperative powers.

That Tired Feeling

"My health was very poor last spring and seeing an advertisement of Hood's Sarsaparilla I thought I would try it. It has worked wonders for me as it has built my system up. I have taken four bottles and am on the fifth. I recommend it to my acquaintances." JOHN MATTHEWS, Oswego, N. Y.

"I was very much run down in health, had no strength and no inclination to do anything. I have been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and that tired feeling has left me, my appetite has returned, I am like a new man." CHAUNCEY LATHAM, North Columbus, Ohio.

The marked benefit which people in run down or weakened state of health derive from Hood's Sarsaparilla conclusively proves the claim that this medicine "makes the weak strong." It does not act like a stimulant, imparting fictitious strength from which there must follow a reaction of greater weakness than before, but possessing just those elements which the system needs and readily seizes. Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up in a perfectly natural way, all the weakened parts, acts upon the

That Tired Feeling

blood as a purifier and vitilizer, and assists to healthy action those important organs, the kidneys and liver.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla has renewed my grip. I am 65 years of age and was all run down and discouraged. I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla and on looking myself over find that I am much better, in fact quite a chap. Of course the medicine will not discount my years, but it comes nearer to it than anything else." CHAS. B. LONG, Shrewsbury, Mass.

N. B. Be sure to get only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

DR. KOEHLER'S FAVORITE COLIC MIXTURE

for all domestic animals will cure 99 out of every 100 cases of colic, whether flatulent or spasmodic. Rarely more than 1 or 2 doses necessary. It does not constipate, rather acts as a laxative and is entirely harmless. After 20 years of trial in more than 3000 cases our guarantee is worth something. **Colic must be treated promptly.** Expend a few cents and you have a cure on hand, **ready when needed,** and perhaps save a valuable horse. If not at your druggist's, enclose 50 cents for sample bottle, sent prepaid.

Address **DR. KOEHLER & CO., Bethlehem. Pa.**

I use Dr. Koehler's "Favorite Colic Mixture" right along with success. It is the best colic medicine I have ever seen. ISAAC MOOG, Horse Dealer, Brooklyn, New York.

We cheerfully recommend Dr. Koehler's "Favorite Colic Mixture." Would not be without it as long as we have horses. ISAAC MOSES & BRO., Sale and Exchange Stables, Easton, Pa.

La Grippe has Left
the System
badly debilitated
in millions
of cases.
Take
Ayer's Sarsaparilla
and restore
Tone
and Strength.
It never fails.
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BOOK PUB. CO'S, 131 Leonard St., New York City.

LATER NEWS.

THE New England Ship Owners' Association passed a resolution declaring their opposition to free ships.

THE Massachusetts House of Representatives has passed the bill to prohibit the coloring of oleomargarine to imitate butter.

THE L. Banerle Company's woodenware factory at Petoskey, Mich., has been burned. Loss, $100,000.

MRS. BENJAMIN HARRISON and party reached Charleston, S. C., and were met at the station by the Mayor of the city, the Collector of the Port, the Postmaster, and a committee of citizens.

THE machine shops of the Hocking Valley Railroad were burned at Columbus, Ohio, with a loss of $150,000.

ANDREW A. HOLT, a noted smuggler and pirate on Puget Sound, was fatally shot on his sloop near Seattle, Wash., while resisting arrest.

FRANK M. LEGGETT and William L. Crockett were instantly killed and Arch Ure fatally hurt by the falling of a cage in a coal mine at Alma, Kan.

TWO men were instantly killed by a landslide near Charleston, W. Va.

"BOB" RAINES, a white man, was hanged at Somerville, Ala., for the murder of his brother, the Rev. George Raines, pastor of a Baptist church.

THOMAS G. HAYES, United States District Attorney, to whom was referred the petition of the Navassa murderers for clemency, has sent to the President a letter in which he recommends that the sentence of the court be carried out.

SECRETARY WINDOM transmitted to the Senate a letter from Secretary Blaine asking for an additional appropriation of $35,000 to meet the expenses of the International Marine Conference.

THE French Cabinet has resigned as a result of the rejection by the Senate of the request of Premier Tirard for a vote of confidence.

OWING to incessant rains, the river at Brisbane, Australia, overflowed its banks and inundated the town. The damage is estimated at $1,500,000.

THE French gunboat Emerande has bombarded Abomey-Kilavy a coast village of Dahomey, East Africa. The Dahomans were panic-stricken by the attack.

TWENTY THOUSAND engineers in the northeastern part of England went on strike for a reduction of the hours of labor.

THREE lives were lost and several persons hurt by a landslide near Troy, N. Y.

FRANK GRADE, of Allegheny, Penn., murdered his ten-year-old stepdaughter, by chopping her up with a hatchet.

THE Victoria sealing fleet has resumed its poaching operations in the North Pacific.

A FIRE starting from an overturned stove in B. T. Tawkins's dry goods store at Kirkville, Mo., destroyed that building, the First National Bank building and several other business structures. The total loss is $200,000.

GABRIEL, a Mission Indian, who was 150 years old, has died at the Montersey County Poorhouse, Cal.

THE Utah Legislature passed a memorial to Congress censuring the Governor for vetoing election bills, and asking Congress to enact the vetoed measures.

A TRAIN struck the team of Henry Boes, at Holland, Mich., killing Boes instantly and fatally injuring his wife.

THE President has issued a proclamation warning the invaders of the Cherokee Outlet to leave it. Secretary Proctor telegraphed General Merritt to use troops if necessary in enforcing the proclamation.

A FARMHOUSE at Bourg Louis, Quebec, was burned and two children perished in the flames.

WHITELAW REID, American Minister to France, has sailed from Havre for New York.

TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND miners went out on strike in England for higher wages.

A REVOLT against the Ameer of Afghanistan was quelled, and several of the rebels were beheaded.

COUNT SZAPARY has been chosen Prime Minister and Minister of the Interior of Hungary.

A MEETING was held in Town Hall at St. Henri, Quebec, for the purpose of organizing a post of the Grand Army of the Republic.

THE Berlin Labor Conference began its sessions.

A FREIGHT train ran into the river at Elberfeld, Germany, and several of the train hands were killed.

A NEW French Cabinet has been formed with M. De Freycinet as Premier.

A TRAIN WRECKED

Two Persons Fatally Hurt and Many More Injured.

A train jumped the track one mile beyond Graham's Bridge, near Pembroke, Ontario, and was thrown down a twenty-five foot embankment. All the coaches, including first class, second class, Pulluan and dining, went completely over and lie with their wheels in the air. Two persons were fatally hurt and many others received serious injuries.

The engine remained on the rails, but all the rest of the train was wrecked. There were about thirty passengers on the train.

The accident was caused by the rails spreading. If it had occurred a mile west, at Muskrat Bridge, nothing could have saved the train from total destruction. Among the passengers was a convict in charge of a bailiff. He was chained to a seat and when the car turned over he hung in midair. He managed, after considerable effort, to free himself and then went to the assistance of his keeper and helped him from the wreck. A gentleman who saw the accident says the train went over like a huge wave and snapped the telegraph poles like pipe stems.

Doctors arrived at the scene of the wreck from Cobden and Pembroke.

FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

In the Senate.

55TH DAY.—Among the bills reported from committees and placed on the calendar were the following: For public buildings at Bridgeton, N. J., $75,000; Baton Rouge, La., $100,000; Taunton, Mass., $75,000; Tacoma, $100,000; Seattle, $100,000; Spokane Falls, $100,000, and Walla Walla, $30,000.... The bill appropriating $500,000 for a public building at Salt Lake City, Utah, was taken up and passed....Mr. Higgins spoke in favor of the Blair bill, and Mr. Jones against it ....Mr. Sherman's Meat Inspection bill was discussed.

56TH DAY.—The credentials of Mr. Allison for his new term, beginning March 4, 1891, were presented and ordered to be placed on file....Mr. Hoar called up his resolution for the exclusion from the *Record* of the sentences interpolated by Mr. Call in the report of his remarks in the discussion with Mr. Chandler some weeks ago A lively debate followed, but there was no quorum to vote on the resolution....Mr. Mitchell introduced a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution providing for the election of Senators by the votes of qualified electors in the States, and said that he would at an early day address the Senate on the subject....Mr. Daniels introduced a bill to provide for the issue of National bank notes upon the deposit of silver bullion.

57TH DAY.—Progress was made with the Blair bill to the extent of fixing the day when the final vote would be taken....The Call interpolations into the *Record* were ordered to be cut out by a vote of 36 to 14....Mr. Plumb introduced a resolution requiring the vote at secret sessions to be made public.

58TH DAY.—A spirited debate took place concerning matters relating to the Southern States, in which Messrs. Sherman, Eustis, Hoar and Butler took part....The following bills for public buildings were passed: Stockton, Cal., $85,000; Mammoth Hot Springs, in the Yellowstone National Park, $10,000; Pawtucket, R. I., $100,000; Woonsocket, R. I., $100,000; Hudson, N. Y., $100,000; Virginia City, Nev., $75,000; Hastings, Neb., $150,000; Dalles, Ore., $100,000; Salem, Ore., $100,000; Stillwater, Minn., $100,000; Reno, Nev., $75,000. All the foregoing bills were Senate bills.

59TH DAY.—Mr. Fuller discussed the Blair bill, and race and political problems in the South....Mr. Evarts introduced a bill to amend the Alien Contract Labor law, so as not to prevent any citizen of any foreign country temporarily residing in this country from engaging under contract persons not residents of the United States to act as private secretaries, servants or domestics.

In the House.

63D DAY.—On motion of Mr. Owen the Senate resolution was concurred in providing that the Senate Committee on Immigration and the House Committee on Immigration and Naturalization shall jointly investigate the workings of the various laws of the United States and the several States relative to immigration from foreign countries.... The resolution was so amended as to direct the Joint Committee to investigate the effect on American workingmen which is likely to follow the purchase of American industries by foreign capitalists; also to report to Congress the official correspondence on the proposal to make Bedlow's Island, New York, an immigrant depot....A resolution was adopted calling on the Secretary of War for information relative to the defective work on the Washington Aqueduct tunnel, and whether the contractors are liable therefor.

64TH DAY.—Mr. Baker, from the Committee on Territories, reported the bill for the admission of Wyoming. The House went into Committee of the Whole to consider the bill, despite objections by Mr. Springer, who said the bill had been called up in violation of the agreement made in the Committee on Territories....Several bills for public buildings, involving an appropriation of $1,845,000, were passed.

65TH DAY.—The Oklahoma bill was discussed, and Mr. Stewart's motion prohibiting the introduction of intoxicating liquors into the Territory until otherwise provided by law was agreed to.

66TH DAY.—A bill granting the right of way through the Mille Lacs Indian Reservation, Minn., to the Lake Superior Railroad Company; also a bill granting rights of way through the Indian Territory to the Galena, Guthrie and Western Railroad Company; also a bill granting right of way through the Nez Perce reservation, Idaho, to the Palouse and Spokane Railroad Company were passed ....In Committee of the Whole the Oklahoma bill was further considered and eventually passed.

67TH DAY.—Mr. Perkins stated that an erroneous impression had gone out that according to the provisions of the Oklahoma bill, passed the previous day, the Cherokee Outlet had been declared opened to settlement under the homestead laws. The statement should have been that the public land strip—not the Cherokee Outlet—had been opened to settlement....In Committee of the Whole, a bill to retire General J. C. Fremont, with the rank of major-general, was formally recommended.

68TH DAY.—Mr. Lodge, as Chairman of the House Committee on the election of President and Vice-President and Representatives in Congress, introduced a bill to regulate election of Representatives in Congress.... Eulogies were pronounced in memory of Judge Kelley, "the Father of the House."

HIRING OUT CONVICTS.

First Contract Made by Virginia Under the New Law.

The first contract for hire of penitentiary convicts under the law passed by the last Virginia Legislature has been entered into by Governor McKinney with the Atlantic and Ohio Railroad Company. The company is to pay forty-five cents a day for 100 or more convicts, and bear all expense of transportation and maintenance. The physcian to the convict camp is to be a State officer, and the men can only be worked under his supervision.

IN a catalogue of Mexican meteorites prepared by M. Antonio del Castillo, one mass is mentioned which was broken up and fell in widely dispersed fragments, portions being found in three places at the angles of a triangle whose two longer sides were some fifty-five miles and thirty-five miles. In one of these places two plates were discovered about 250 yards apart, having evidently formed one huge plate, weighing more than eighty tons, which broke near the ground.

THE perfect combustion of coal seems to have been effected by Mr. William Gibbs, of Essex, England. By means of a fan and suitable openings, the exact quantity of air necessary is supplied to the furnace chambers, and the products of combustion issue as hot air, free from smoke or odor.

HYPNOTIZED A GIANT.

He Then Felt No Pain From a Surgical Operation.

George Wilson, a colored man, over six feet tall, and weighing 200 pounds, was brought into the dispensary at St. Louis, Mo., with a gash upon his right cheek four inches long and half an inch deep. Dr. H. Jacobson was in charge of the dispensary at the time. Noting the patient's mighty physique, he was prompted to try hypnotism in lieu of an anæsthetic to quiet the man while stitching the gash. Taking Wilson into the inner room he stretched him upon the table and said he would put him to sleep. Concentrating his gaze upon Wilson's eyes, the doctor in thirty seconds put the man apparently into a deep sleep. The patient could converse, however, with ordinary fluency.

"Now," said the operator, "you cannot feel the least pain in your wounded cheek, and when I pierce the edges of the gash with this needle it does not hurt you."

When Dr. Jacobson had nearly finished the operation Wilson asked when he was going to begin, saying that he believed it would hurt him. The wound was sewed up and dressed in about a minute, the patient throughout exhibiting not the least sensation of pain. Then Dr. Jacobson removed the spell by ordering the man to wake up. Wilson opened his eyes and immediately complained of the agony of the wound. Other experiments will be made.

CUBA AND ANNEXATION.

A Havana Editor Imprisoned for Expressing His Views.

The agitation in favor of the annexation of Cuba by the United States has at last reached a crisis in the former country. The journals which have been openly and boldly advocating annexation, encouraged apparently by public sentiment and immunity from interference by the authorities, have received a warning which has checked their utterances. The Havana journal, *La Tordo*, which has been conspicuous for its vigorous denunciation of the Government and advocacy of independence or annexation, capped the climax recently by saying: "The Spanish Government by its disgraceful and ruinous administration of affairs in this island has done more than anything else to throw Cuba into the arms of the United States." The editor of the paper was arrested shortly afterward and put in prison. Other journals are now more cautious, but agitation among the people is stronger than ever.

A TUSSLE WITH SIX WOMEN

They Boldly Attack a Sheriff With Hot Irons.

The Sheriff of Kershaw County, S.C., with a deputy went to Lynch's Creek to eject a white family by the name of Steen, consisting of four men and six women. They were found strongly entrenched, and the Sheriff returned to Camden for a posse of fifteen men. the sight of this strong force scared away the male Steens, but the six women boldly awaited the attack with pots of boiling water and hot irons. The posse dashed in, however, overturned the water before the women could use it and proceeded to put the belligerents out. The women threw themselves on the floor and fought like wildcats, and it was not until they were exhausted that the deputies were able to gain possession and nail up the house. The women say they will go back, and it is feared that if the Sheriff has to arrest them there will be bloodshed.

FRANCO-DAHOMAN WAR.

King Glegle Retires to Lama With His Female Warriors.

It has been officially announced in Paris that the King of Dahomey, the West African Chief with whom France is now at war, accompanied by his female warriors, had retired to Lama, after remaining at Godomey four days and not daring to attack the French posts The rest of his army remained at Godomey, where it was erecting fortifications. During the campaign 1000 Dahomans, including a female general, were killed. It was stated that the French captives taken by the Dahomans were safe at Whydah.

THE native laboring class in Chili boldly threaten the Government with a revolution unless an immediate check be put upon the immigration pouring into the republic from foreign shores, which they claim tends to keep down the wages of unskilled labor.

THE German Government will shortly notify the other powers that she has taken the islands of Manda and Palta, off the east coast of Africa, under her protection.

A representation of the engraving on our wrappers.—RADWAY & CO. NEW YORK.

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Apply Balm into each nostril.
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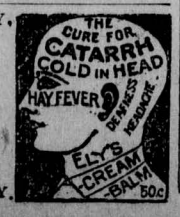


A BAD SPELL.

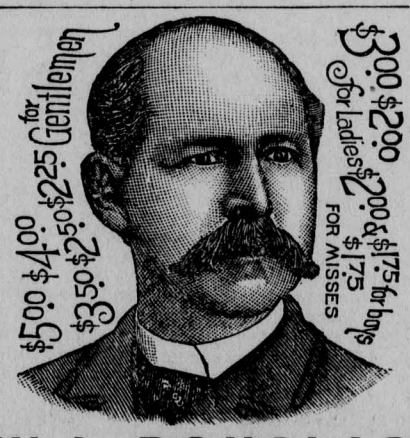
A merchant's clerk wrote a check for forty dollars, and spelled the numerical adjective "f-o-u-r-t-y." His employer directed his attention to the error, with the remark, "You seem to have had a bad *spell* this morning." To which the clerk replied, "Sure enough; I've left out the "g-h." Let us hope the clerk will still further amend his orthography, meanwhile, if anybody is suffering from a "bad spell" of headache, superinduced by constipation, over-eating or other indiscretion, let that person ask his druggist for Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets. They are entirely vegetable in composition, and are prompt and effective in action. They are *specific* in all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels. They are strongly cathartic or mildly laxative according to size of dose. Unequaled as a Liver Pill. Smallest, cheapest, easiest to take. One tiny, Sugar-coated Pellet a dose.

WHAT AILS YOU?

Do you feel dull, languid, low-spirited, lifeless, and indescribably miserable, both physically and mentally; experience a sense of fullness or bloating after eating, or of "goneness," or emptiness of stomach in the morning, tongue coated, bitter or bad taste in mouth, irregular appetite, dizziness, frequent headaches, blurred eyesight, "floating specks" before the eyes, nervous prostration or exhaustion, irritability of temper, hot flushes, alternating with chilly sensations, sharp, biting, transient pains here and there, cold feet, drowsiness after meals, wakefulness, or disturbed and unrefreshing sleep, constant, indescribable feeling of dread, or of impending calamity?

If you have all, or any considerable number of these symptoms, you are suffering from that most common of American maladies—Bilious Dyspepsia, or Torpid Liver, associated with Dyspepsia, or Indigestion. The more complicated your disease has become, the greater the number and diversity of symptoms. No matter what stage it has reached, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will subdue it, if taken according to directions for a reasonable length of time. One or two of Dr. Pierce's Pellets taken daily with the "Discovery" will add to its efficacy in case the liver is very torpid and the bowels constipated.

"Golden Medical Discovery" is the only medicine of its class *guaranteed* to do all it is represented to accomplish, or money paid for it will be refunded. WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Proprietors, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.



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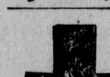
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CATARRH
It is an Ointment, of which a small particle is applied to the nostrils. Price, 50c. Sold by druggists or sent by mail.
Address, E. T. HAZELTINE, Warren, Pa.

"MURRAY" $55.95 BUGGIES AND $5.95 HARNESS
THE BEST IN THE WORLD
All goods sold direct to the consumer. No "Pools" or "Trusts" for us. We stand on our own footing, and sell the "Murray" goods solely on their world-renowned merits and low prices.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD
More "Murray" Buggies and Harness sold last year than any other two makes combined, which proves that their superior qualities are appreciated.
BUY OF THE MANUFACTURERS AND SAVE THE AGENT'S AND MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS.
Write for catalogue and Net Cash Prices. WILBER H. MURRAY MFG. CO. CINCINNATI, O.

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE. H. A. THOMPSON.

SWOPE & THOMPSON,

Editors & Proprietors.

"THE ITEM" WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR,.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS,.....50
THREE MONTHS,.....25

For Advertising Rates, apply to Publishers.

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa., as Second Calss Mail Matter.

School Report.

The fifth month of our borough schools closed last week. There has been some falling off in the attendance as is usual in the spring months. There will be some transfers made before the close of the term. None of the directors have as yet visited the schools but the teachers are hoping that they may yet be favored with a call from the board. Following is the report for the fifth month.

School No. 3, I. N. Swope, Teacher.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
No. Enrolled,	13	8	21
Average Attendance,	12	6	18
Per cent. of "	97	87	92

Pupils who missed no time: Prudie C. Miller, Lawrence H. Fisher, J. B. Montgomery, L. L. Parker, A. F. Parker, E. Guy Rex, E. E. Godard.

School No. 2, Harry A. Thompson, Teacher.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
No. Enrolled,	12	28	40
Average Attendance,	11	24	35
Per cent. of "	90	88	89

Pupils who missed no time: Minerva B. Wilson, Grace Cree, Katie I. Long, Nora Himes, Mary Himes, Flora Dunn, Grace Lamberson, Viola Godard, Alda Parker, Thomas S. McDonald, Harvey Fry, H. Newton Mounts, Oscar Wilson, Elijah White.

School No. 1, Miss Fannie Isenberg, Teacher.

	Male.	Female.	Total.
No. Enrolled,	27	24	51
Average Attendance,	25	20	45
Per cent. of "	94	88	91

Lizzie McDonald, Elvire White, Bertha White, Ray Godard, Howard Barkley, Charlie Swope, Oscar Dunn, Wilber Yocum, Bruce Yocum, George Broombaugh, Howard Himes, Willie Hughes, Scott Wagner, John McHugh, Ellis Baker, Alfred Ewing, Lewis Dysart.

Keep in the Cupboard.

Now that "La Grippe" or Influenza, is so prevalent, it is well to keep a bottle of Downs' Elixer in the medicine cupboard, ready for immediate use. It is very efficacious in warding off the disease, and will afford immediate relief when the disease makes its appearance, besides very materially shortening the time which it will naturally run. This used in connection with Arnica Oil Liniment rubbed on the chest, will greatly mitigate the unpleasant features of the ailment. For sale by A. B. Gillam & Bro.

—Mrs. J. O. Heaton, of Cassville, whose stories and poems have been read with much pleasure by the ITEM readers, is gaining quite a reputation for her literary work. Her recent prize essay, published in the Philadelphia *Press*, appears on the first page of this issue. Mrs. Heaton's writings are meritorious, and, best of all, she is a quiet, unobtrusive and home-loving lady. The ITEM hopes her pen may continue to add to her fame.

Unless you have a love for brimstone and treacle don't make it your spring diet. Do as the athletic maidens do. Walk five miles a day, have soft-boiled eggs seven days in the week for breakfast; eat fish in place of meat, and at every meal close with prunes, apple sauce or fresh rhubarb. If you eat oranges don't eat them. Drink the juice and leave the fibre and pulp.

Stage Route

—BETWEEN—

Cassville & Mill Creek.

The undersigned has just placed on the old stage route between Mill Creek and Cassvile a new hack, and is prepared to give patrons first class accommodations. Leave Cassville every morning at 7.30 o'clock arriving at Mill Creek in time for Way Passenger returning leave Mill Creek at 3.30 p. m. Patronage solicited.

J. H. RINDLAUB.

BUSINESS IS BOOMING

at the

NEW STORE.

We are having a better trade than we anticipated, but we find now entirely too many

BOOTS AND SHOES

for this time of year, and, therefore, announce

A BIG BARGAIN

in these goods. We have 25 cases of Men's, Boys' and Youths' boots, and a large line of Ladies' shoes which we will positively sell at cost for cash. Come and see them.

This Cold Snap

ought to remind you that it isn't yet spring time, and we have some goods to dispose of which it will pay you to buy at this time. We have

100 Pairs Blankets

which we will sell at cost. Come and examine them. That's what we want you to do. We will sell you

Dress Goods from 5 cents, up, and Prints from 4 cents, up.

These are not shoddy nor auction goods, but we have more of them than we want to carry, and the low price at which we are offering them is only an inducement to make them go.

You will always find our store well stocked with a well-selected line of Dry Goods, Notions, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Groceries, etc., etc.

We keep bread in stock at all times.

We have in stock a line of custom made clothing that must be closed out regardless of cost.

Queensware at a great reduction.

Best full Roller Flour at $1.25 per sack.

Mackeral at a reduction.

Highest prices paid for produce.

We are selling best Flour at $1.25 per sack, Chop at $1.25 per cwt. and Bran at $1.00 per cwt.

Call and see us, whether you wish to buy or not. No trouble to show goods.

Respectfully,

A. B. Gillam & Bro.,

Rex's Old Stand,

Mapleton Depot, Pa.

Thos. S. Johnston

Will Announce His

Grand Finale Sale

NEXT WEEK!

This will be the Golden Opportunity to

SecurE - BargainS!

Watch for It! **Read It!**

THOS. S. JOHNSTON.

OPERA HOUSE BLOCK, HUNTINGDON, PA.

HATS, BONNETS, CAPS.

Mrs. M. E. EVANS,

Now has the largest line of Fall and Winter Millinery, Dry Goods, Notions, and Furnishing Goods for Ladies, ever opened out in Mapleton.

Trimmings, Flowers, Birds, Wings, Feathers, Tips, Aigrets, Ornaments, Velvets, Cords, etc., etc., etc.

Dry Goods and Fancy Goods of so many kinds I can't itemize them. Come and examine them.

Mrs. M. E. Evans,

MARKET STREET. - MAPLETON DEPOT, PA.

W. H. LIGHTNER,

JEWELER,

Mapleton Depot - - Pa.

Dealer in

WATCHES, CLOCKS, CHAINS, CHARMS, SOCIETY PINS, ETC., ETC.

Any article in my line not kept in stock will be furnished on short notice at as low a price as it can be purchased elsewhere.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry repaired promptly and satisfaction guaranteed. Give me a call.

W. H. Lightner,

FOSTERS BUILDING - - MAIN STREET

Bargains!

BARGAINS!

Bargains!

Closing Out Stock! Come and Get a Bargain! Geo. W. Wright.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect November 10th 1889.

LEAVE WESTWARD. Pacific Express.	Way Passenger.	Altoona Accommodat'n.	STATIONS.	LEAVE EASTWARD. Sea Shore Express.	Mail.	Harrisburg Accom'n.
p. m.	a. m.	a.m.		p. m.	p.m.	a. m.
11 25	4 30		Philadelphia	3 15	1045	
a. m.				a. m.		
3 10	8 15	5 30	Harrisburg	11 40	7 00	8 50
	8 33	5 48	Marysville	11 22	6 39	:3
3 38	8 54	6 04	Duncannon	11 07	6 21	8 18
4 00	9 26	6 32	Newport	10 44	5 56	7 51
	9 52	6 55	Thompsont'n	10 25	5 26	7 32
4 34	10 13	7 14	Port Royal	10 08	5 09	7 14
4 39	10 20	7 20	Mifflin	10 05	5 03	7 09
5 01	10 46	7 45	Lewistown Jn	9 43	4 38	6 45
	10 55	7 63	Granville	9 36	4 29	6 37
5 22	11 14	8 11	McVeytown	9 29	4 12	6 20
5 40	11 39	8 33	N. Hamilton	9 02	3 51	6 00
5 46	11 46	8 39	Mt. Union	8 56	3 46	5 54
5 54	11 55	8 46	MAPLETON	8 51	3 38	5 47
6 00	12 03	8 53	Mill Creek	8 45	3 32	5 41
6 12	12 17	9 05	Huntingdon	8 35	3 20	5 30
6 25	12 31	9 21	Petersburg	8 20	3 06	
6 33	12 40	9 29	Barree	8 12	2 59	
6 40	12 46	9 36	Spruce Creek	8 06	2 54	
6 54	12 59	9 48	Birmingham	7 55	2 42	
7 00	1 07	9 54	Tyrone	7 49	2 35	
7 11	1 16	1003	Tipton	7 40	2 26	
7 22	1 26	1013	Bellwood	7 32	2 18	
7 30	1 32	1018	Elizabeth Fur	7 26	2 11	
7 45	1 45	1030	Altoona	7 15	2 00	
12 45	6 50		Pittsburg		5 30	
p. m.	p. m.	a.m.		p. m.	a.m.	a. m.

Mail Express east leaves Altoona at 6:20 p. m., daily, Tyrone, 6:52; Birmingham, 6:59; Spruce Creek, 7:10; Petersburg, 7:22; Huntingdon, 7:37; Mapleton, 7:53; Mount Union, 8:00; Harrisburg, 10:45 and arrives at Philadelphia at 4:25 a. m.

Fast Line leaves Philadelphia daily at 11:50 a. m., Mount Union 6:11 p. m.; Huntingdon, 6:30; Altoona, 7:50 and arrives at Pittsburg at 11:55 p. m.

Day Express east leaves Pittsburg at 8:00 a. m., daily, Altoona, 11:50 a. m., Huntingdon, 12:48 p. m., Mount Union, 1:08; Harrisburg, 3:20, and arrives at Philadelphia at 6:50 p. m.

Philadelphia Express east leaves daily, (except Sunday) Pittsburg at 4:30 p. m., Altoona, 9:05; Huntingdon 10:12; Harrisburg, 1:00 a. m., and arrives at Philadelphia at 4:25 a. m.

Fast Line east leaves Pittsburg at 8 10 p. m., daily, Altoona, 12:01 a. m., Huntingdon, 12:58; Harrisburg, 3:30, and arrives at Philadelphia at 6:50 a. m.

Mail train west leaves Philadelphia daily at 7:00 a. m., Harrisburg, 11:20; Mount Union, 1:56 p. m., Huntingdon, 2:17; Altoona, 3:40, and arrives at Pittsburg at 8:10 p. m.

Huntingdon Accommodation leaves Altoona daily at 11.30 p. m., and arrives at Huntingdon at 12.40 a. m.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP MOUNTAIN RAILROAD.

New Schedule Nov. 29th, 1888.

SOUTH Mail	Expr's	STATIONS.	NORTH Fast Line	Day Expr's
a. m.	a. m.		p. m.	p. m.
6 35	8 25	Huntingdon	6 20	12 15
6 45	8 35	McConl'st'n	6 09	12 02
6 52	8 41	Grafton	6 05	11 58
7 03	8 51	Marklesb'g	5 55	11 48
7 10	9 00	Entriken	5 45	11 40
f7 22	9 12	Cove	5 32	11 28
7 35	9 25	Saxton	5 20	11 15
7 48	9 40	Riddlesburg	5 06	11 02
7 53	9 45	Hopewell	5 02	10 57
8 05	9 55	Cypher	f4 52	10 47
8 15	10 08	Tatesville	4 41	10 38
8 21	10 17	Everett	4 33	10 28
8 25	10 20	Mt. Dallas. Bedford	4 30	10 25
p. m.	a. m.		p. m.	a. m.

"f" Flag Stations.

Trains over Shoup's Branch leave Saxton at 9:35 and arrive at Dudley at 10:05 a. m. Leave Dudley at 4:30 and arrive at Saxton at 5:00 p. m.

GEO. F. GAGE, Supt.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

To take effect at 6:00 a. m., on Wednesday, Aug. 1, 1888.

SOUTH. Mixed, No. 10.	Mixed, No. 8.	Mail, No. 2.	STATIONS.	NORTH. Mail, No. 1.	Mixed, No. 7.	Mixed, No. 9.
p. m.	a. m.	p.m.		a. m.	a.m.	p. m.
6 42	12 09	4 21	Robertsdale	L9 00	6 00	1 00
6 29	11 56	4 10	Cook's	9 11	6 13	1 13
6 21	11 48	4 04	Rocky Ridge	9 19	6 21	1 21
6 15	11 42	3 57	Cole's	9 24	6 27	1 27
5 40	11 07	3 27	Saltillo	9 54	6 57	1 56
5 20	10 58	3 20	Three Springs	10 01	7 05	2 04
5 08	10 42	3 06	*Beersville	10 14	7 20	2 17
4 52	10 27	2 52	Rockhill	10 27	7 35	2 32
4 22	9 54	2 26	Shirley	10 43	7 55	3 02
4 12	9 45	2 18	*Augh. Mills	10 51	8 05	3 11
3 54	9 25	2 05	Mount Union	11 05	8 25	3 30

Express No. 3, moving north leaves Rockhill at 12:30, arriving at Mt. Union at 1 p. m.

Express No. 4. moving south leaves Mount Union at 11:50 a. m., arriving at Rockhill at 12:20 p. m.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

WEST. No. 14	No. 12	STATIONS.	EAST No. 11	No. 13
p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.
6 23	9 40	L Rockhill A	6 30	4 42
6 16	9 33	*Blacklog	6 37	4 49
6 08	9 25	*Cedar Rock	5 45	4 57
6 04	9 21	*Locke Vall'y	6 49	5 01
5 58	9 15	*Shade Gap	6 55	5 07
5 46	8 58	Stair	7 07	5 19
5 37	8 49	A Goshorn L	7 16	5 28

* Flag stations.

A. W. SIMS, Superintendent.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of GEO. T. NUMER, Dec'd.

Letters of administration having been granted the undersigned on the estate of George T. Numer, late deceased, of the Borough of Mapleton, county of Huntingdon, and state of Pennsylvania, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate settlement and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

GEORGE W. YOCUM.

Hunt'd'n, Pa., Jan 7, '90. Administrator.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Penn'a, Mar. 19, 1890.

BOROUGH DIRECTORY.

Burgess—Dr. J. G. Spangler.
Assistant Burgess - W. B. Stone.
Councilmen -H. R. Gurd, J. B. Ewing, J. G. Gillam, W. H. Dunn, Marshall Yocum, A. Heeter.
Constable—James Montgomery.
High-Constable—S. P. Stubbs.
Tax-Collector & Treasurer— ———
School-Directors—A. M. Parker, Sec'y., A. Heeter. W. B. Stone, J. K. Robley, J. P. Wilson, Pres., B. F. Godard.
Judge-of-Election—A. Lamberson.
Inspectors—F. D. Heeter, B. F. Baker.
Assessor—A. M. Parker.
Auditors—G. W. Wright, I. N. Swope. V. B. McCarthy.
Borough-Clerk—I. N. Swope.
Justices-of-the-Peace—A. W. Swope, ———.
Police-Officers—James Montgomery, R. N. McCarl.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

Mapleton Lodge, No. 468, I. O. O. F. meets every Saturday evening, at 7.00 o'clock, in Rex's Hall. David Shore, N. G.; J. K. Gillam, Secretary.

Aldema Lodge, Daughters of Rebeka, No. 189, meets second Friday evening of each month. Mrs. Sarah J. Stubbs, N. G.: Miss Nannie Swope, Secretary.

Washington Camp, No. 59, Patriotic Order Sons of America meets every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Rex's Hall. Juniata Council (White Degree) meets first Tuesday evening of each month, immediately after adjournment of Camp, Alfred Lamberson, President; A. L. Morgan, Secretary.

Harry Corbin Post, No. 200, G. A. R. meets first and third Friday evenings of each month, in Rex's Hall.

CHURCHES.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Rev. C. L. Benscoter, pastor. Preaching every Sunday, alternating morning and evening. Sunday-school, 2 o'clock. p. m. Prayer-meeting every Wednesday evening. Young Men's prayer-meeting every Friday evening.

Church officials—Stewards, A. Heeter, T. M. Logan, H. H. Swope, I. N. Swope, J. P. Wilson, H. R. Gurd. Trustees, A. Heeter, D. H. Foster, R. S. Henderson, J. P. Wilson, Martin Wilson, A. Broombaugh, H. R. Gurd, Benj. O'Connor, John S. Henderson. Superintendent Sunday-school, D. H. Foster; Secretary, J. A. Brumbaugh.

Presbyterian Church—Rev. D. H. Campbell, pastor. Preaching every other Sabbath, alternating morning and afternoon (3 o'clock). Sunday-school, 2, p. m. Prayer-meeting every Sunday and Thursday evenings.

Church officials—Elders, W. H. Rex, A. W. Swope, Samuel Hatfield. B. F. Baker. Deacon, W. W. Wright. Trustees, V. B. McCarthy, Samuel Hatfield, W. W. Wright. Superintendent, Sunday-school, B. F. Baker; Secretary, W. E. Bitner.

U. B. Church—Rev. W. Cramer, pastor. Preaching every Sabbath, alternating morning and evening. Sunday-school, 2, p. m. Prayer-meeting every Thursday evening.

Church officials—Trustees. E. Robley, A. M. Parker, Philip Hooper, J. K. Robley, B. F. Godard. Leader, E. Robley; Assistant Leader, B. F. Slates. Steward, J. K. Robley. Superintendent, Sunday-school, B. F Godard; Secretary, A. M. Parker.

LOCAL NOTES.

—Monday was St. Patrick's day.

—Did you sow your cabbage seed on Monday?

—Sheriff Wilson was in town last Saturday.

—Note change in advertisement of B. O'Connor & Sons.

—J. G. Gillam has something of importance to say to the ITEM readers this week.

—Jacob H. Miller last week moved into R. N. McCarl's house on Grant street.

—Rev. D. H. Campbell will preach in the Presbyterian church, next Sunday evening.

—W. E. Eby, one of Huntingdon's prominent business men, was in town last evening.

—Benjamin F. Goodman, of Mill Creek, was last week granted an increase of pension.

—The new two-cent postage stamp is smaller than the old one, and is therefore earier to lick.

—Miss Mary Ann Rosenberry, of Atkinson's Mills was the guest of Miss Maggie Henderson over Sunday.

—The W. C. T. U. will meet at the residence of Mrs. H. W. McDonald tomorrow afternoon, at 2 o'clocks.

—There will be no preaching in the U. B. church next Sunday, the pastor, Rev. Cramer, being at Johnstown.

—L. M. Speer has removed to Mapleton and resumed his duties as superintendent of the Speer White Sand Company's works.

—Miss Hester Baker, of Clear Ridge, Fulton county, a very pleasant young lady, is visiting her relatives and many friends in Mapleton.

—David Shore who was ill during the past week is again able to attend to his duties at the Speer White sand company's Juniata works.

—Mrs. S. S. Taylor, in attempting to split some kindling yesterday morning cut an ugly gash in her head. There was a clothesline above the chopping block on which the axe caught.

—George A. Miller left for Pitsburgh on Monday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Robley are this week commencing housekeeping, having rented Miss Sallie Lemon's house on Main street.

—J. E. McConahy is building a new dwelling house on his farm in Union township. A. Lamberson and son, Harry, are doing the work.

—W. H. Mounts has so far recovered from the powder explosion, of which he was the victim, on the 1st inst., as to be able to do light work.

—John Dougherty, of Ryde, spent a few hours among his many Mapleton friends last Friday. His health is better than it has been at any time during the past two years.

—Petersburg Division, No. 279, sons of Temperance, was organized at Petersburg Tuesday evening of last week with 21 charter members. The Division will be formally instituted next Friday evening.

—Prof. W. M. Benson, one of the prominently mentioned candidates for the county superintendency, interviewed our directors last Saturday. He was accompanied by Mr. Brown, a teacher of West township.

—Rev. S. D. Wilson, of Farragut, Lycoming county, preached a very good sermon in the M. E. church last Sunday morning. Rev. Wilson is a son of our neighbor, Martin Wilson, and has been remarkably successful in his chosen profession.

—Rev. C. L. Benscoter left on day express, Monday, for Carlisle, to attend the meeting of the Central Pennsylvania Conference, now in session. He received his salary in full at the appointments, and the missionary collection was up to last year.

—B. Frank Wilson, son of Martin Wilson, of Union township, who is employed in the Altoona shops, was struck in the eye by a pieee of steel on the 7th inst. and it is feared he will lose his sight. He has gone to Philadelphia for treatment.

—The new camp of the Patriotic Order Sons of America, at Saltillo, mention of which was made in the ITEM of last week, will be instituted next Friday evening, March 21st. Some of the members of the order from Mapleton will participate in the institution.

—Miss A. P. Shoop, of Hares Valley, broke some small limbs from a peach tree a few days ago and placed them in water. The buds were bursting, and peach blossoms were never more perfectly formed than were these which were artificially developed. We have seen some of the blossoms and know whereof we speak.

—H. D. Johnston, of this place, who some weeks ago secured employment as a brakeman on the middle division, while attempting to make a coupling in the Altoona yard, on the 9th inst., was caught by the bumpers and had the first and second fingers of his right hand mashed. It was necessary to amputate the first finger.

—For the past week the weather has been more like winter than any previous time this year, The ground has been frozen during the most of the time so that those who had hauling to do could, and there were not many who have not taken advantage of it, as previously the mud has been so deep it was almost impossible to get into the fields.

—A local institute will be held under the auspices of the schools of this borough, Friday evening and Saturday, March 28th and 29th. The session will be held in the M. E. church. Prof. M. G. Brumbaugh will give one of his very interesting and instructive educational talks at the Friday evening session. The programme will be published next week.

—Judge Barnet, of Perry county, was called away and left the associates to decide the licenses, except in cases of remonstrances, held over until March 13, when it would suit him to read the objections and assist in disposing of the cases. The associates, however, took the whole matter in charge and granted all the applications, not excepting the four against whom remonstrances were filed. One of the applicants was Samuel Woods, of Blair, one of the associates on the bench, against whom a remonstrance had been filed by his neighbors, alleging that he sold to minors and men of known intemperate habits.

—The Altoona *Graphic News* says: The Pennsylvania railroad company is making arrangements for the manufacture of ice for use on the road west of Harrisburg. The plant will be located at Mifflin at a cost of 28,000 and the direct ammonia process will be used in freezing ice at a cost of one quarter the price now paid for ice. The time is probably not distant when nearly all ice will be manufactured, thus obviating the worry and expense when the crop fails, as in the present winter, with always a supply of the pure article from water. Some, of course, would suffer the loss of a business but the great body of the people would be vastly benefitted by the change which is bonnd to come with the improvement in methods of freezing.

—Mapleton Division, No. 271, Sons of Temperance, was formally instituted last Tuesdny by J. Boughton, state lecturer and organizer, and will hold its meetings every Thursday evening. The Division starts with 48 members. The following are the officers for the remainder of this term: Worthy Patriarch, R. S. Henderson; Worthy Associate, J. P. Wilson; Recording Scribe, Marshall Truax; Asst. R. S., Miss Alice Henderson; Financial Scribe, H. R. Craig; Treas., J. D. Sloan; Conductor, H. S. Stubbs; Asst. Cond., Miss Myrtie McLaughlin; I. S., Miss Carrie Price; O. S., J. A. Lucas; Trustees, R. S. Henderson, R. K. Potts and J. W. Weston. R. S. Henderson has been appointed Deputy Grand Patriarch of this division.

—Early last Sunday morning flames were noticed issuing from the basement of the Huntingdon depot and in a very short time they had communicated to every portion of the building. The fire department responded promptly but, owing to the flames following along the joist and inside the partitions, but little could be done in the way of getting control of the fire. This was not accomplished until every room in the building had been considerably damaged. The Union News company's booth was also damaged. The flames are supposed to have originated in the basement from the furnace pipes, but the exact location has not yet been ascertained. Estimated loss $4,500. Insured.

—Several former members of Harry Corbin Post, No. 200, G. A. R., took advantage of the offer of reinstatement published in these columns and it has been decided to keep the offer open until April 1st. Hence, all former members will please take notice that until the above named date they may be reinstated for the low sum of one dollar. There are now 32 members in good standing and we are informed that several will be reinstated next Friday evening. So may it be. Let all the veterans rally to the call.

—How often we hear middle-aged people say regarding that reliable old cough remedy, N. H. Downs' Elixir; "Why, my mother gave it to me when I was a child, and I use it in my family; it always cures." It is always guaranteed to cure or money refunded.

Sale Register.

All sales for which bills are printed at this office will be advertised in this column, free of charge, until day of sale. The most attractive bills are printed at the ITEM office. Send us your order.

THURSDAY, MARCH 20TH.—Clarence P. Querry will sell at his residence in Hare's Valley, 2 horses, brood mare, 3 cows, Jersey heifer, 2 calves, wagon, buggy, sleigh, threshing machine, harrows, harness, etc. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock.

TUESDAY MARCH 18TH— Oliver C. Houck will sell at his residence in Todd township, full blooded Rockingham stable horse, mare, 3 large mules, 2 cows, 2 yearlings, 5 calves, 10 sheep, 18 shotes, corn, hay, harness, hack, plows, corn planter and other farming implements. Also sewing machine and household furniture. Sale to comence at 10 o'clock.

SATURDAY, MARCH 22ND.— David Shore, guardian of minor children of W. F. and Mary Stombaugh, deceased, will sell at their late residence in Springfield township, good cow, 3 shoats, chickens, ducks, cider mill, wind mill, carpenter tools, churn, corn, hay and a large variety of household goods and farm implements. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock.

MONDAY, MARCH 31ST.—Mrs. Jennie Price will sell, at the residence of R. N. Price, in Clay township, 2 cows and calves, hog, wagon. harrow, plows, hay knife, cookstove, heater, chamber suit, 3 bedsteads and springs, chairs, extension table, cupboards, etc. Sale to commence at 1 o'olock.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE ITEM!

J. G. Gillam.

There is a good deal of excitement in Mapleton over the price of flour. Prices have been cut to less than cost at wholesale.

J. G. Gillam is offering Good Roller Flour at **$.100 per Sack.**

Gillam's great success in the past is due to ths fact he

Always Meets Prices

and sells only first quality goods.

In order to get room, he offers **Canned Goods** for next 30 days very low.

He asks you to come and see, without prejudice, whether his prices are not right, as well as quality of goods.

Sometime ago, he made mention of **Clothing.** He offered all winter clothing at cost. This offer is still open and will remain so during the remainder of this month.

A Lot of Linen Collars, Latest Styles, At 10 Cents Each!

J. G. Gillam has a let of Linen Collars, latest styles, which he has determined to dispose of. In order to do this, he offers them at the marvelously low price of 10 cents each—way below cost. Not dead stock, nor damaged goods, but he has too many of them. This offer is good for 30 days only.

J. G. Gillam will leave next week for the eastern cities to buy goods. He will buy one of the most complete stocks, in every respect, ever brought to Mapleton, and the

Extraordinary Bargains

he is now offering is to make room for the new goods. Remember, every promise verified! No misrepresentations!

Respectfully,
J. G. GILLAM.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

THE BROOKLYN DIVINE'S SUNDAY SERMON.

Subject: "Parents' Treatment of Children."

TEXT: "*A foolish son is the heaviness of his mother.*"—Proverbs x., 1.

All parents want their children to turn out well. However poorly father and mother may have done themselves, they want their sons and daughters to do splendidly. Up to forty years of age parents may have ambitions for themselves, after that their chief ambitions are for their children. Some of the old time names indicate this. The name of Abner indicates his "father's lamp." The name Abigail means "her father's joy." And what a parental delight was Solomon to David, and Samuel to Hannah, and Joseph to Jacob! The best earthly staff that a father has to lean on is a good son and the strongest arm a mother has to help her down the steep of years is that of a grateful child.

But it is not a rare thing to find people unfilial, and often the parents are themselves to blame. Aged persons sometimes become querulous and snappy and the children have their hands full with the old folks. There are old people so disagreeable that they have nearly broken up some homes. The young married man with whom the aged one lives stands it because he has been used to it all his life, but the young wife, coming in from another household, can hardly endure it and sometimes almost cries her eyes out.

And when little children gather in the house they are afraid of the venerable patriarch, who has forgotten that he ever was a child himself, and cannot understand why children should ever want to play hide and seek or roll hoop or fly kite, and he becomes impatient at the sound from the nursery and shouts with an expenditure of voice that keeps him coughing for fifteen minutes afterward: "Boys! stop that racket!" as though any boy that ever amounted to anything in the world did not begin life by making a racket!

Indeed, there are children who owe nothing to their parents, for those parents have been profligates. My lamented friend, good Christian Henry Wilson, Vice-President of the United States, in early life changed his name. Henry Wilson was not his original name. He dropped his father's name because that father was a drunkard and a disgrace and the son did not feel called upon to carry such a carcass all his life. While children must always be dutiful, I sympathize with all young people who have disagreeable or unprincipled old folks around the house. Some of us, drawing out of our memories, know that it is possible after sixty or seventy or eighty or ninety years of age for the old to be kind and genial; and the grandest adornment of a home is an aged father and an aged mother, if the process of years has mellowed them.

You cannot hurt your name of John or George or Henry or Mary or Frances or Rachel, because there have been thousands of people, good and bad, having those names, and you cannot improve or depreciate the respectability of those given names. But it is your last name, your family name, that is at your mercy. All who bear that name are bound, before God and man, not to damage its happy significance. You are charged, by all the generations of the past and all the generations to come, to do your share for the protection and the honor and the integrity of that name.

Carrying out the idea of my text, I remark that a reckless or dissipated son makes a heavy-hearted parent because it hurts the family pride. You have no right, my young friend, by a bad life to blot the old family Bible containing the story of the marriages and births and deaths of the years gone by or to cast a blot upon the family Bibles whose records are yet to be opened. There are in our American city directories names that always suggest commercial dishonesty or libertinism or cruelty or meanness, just because one man or woman bearing that name cursed it forever by miscreancy. Look out how you stab the family name! It is especially dear to your mother. She was not born under that name. She was born under another name, but the years passed on and she came to young womanhood, and she saw some one with whom she could trust her happiness, her life and her immortal destiny, and she took his name, took it while the orange blossoms were filling the air with fragments, took it with joined hands, took it while the heavens witnessed. She chose it out of all the family names since the world stood, chose it for better or worse, through sickness and through health, by cradles and by graves. Yea, she put off her old family name to take the family name you now wear, and she has done her part to make it an honorable name. How heavy a trouble you put upon her when, by misdeeds, you wrench that name from its high significance! To haul it down from your mother's forehead and trample it in the dust would be criminal.

"Your father's name may not be a distinguished name, but I hope it stands for something good. It may not be famous, like that of Homer, the father of epic poetry, or Isaak Walton, the father of angling, or Æschylus, the father of tragedy, or Ethelwold, the father of monks, or Herodotus, the father of history, or Thomas Aquinas, the father of moral philosophy, or Abraham, the father of the faithful, but your father has a name in a small circle as precious to him as theirs in a larger circle. Look out how you tarnish it!"

Perhaps it is a good thing that cruel treatment by a child abbreviates a parent's life; for what is there desirable in a father's life or a mother's life if its peace is gone? Do you not think death is something beneficent if it stops the mother's heart from aching and her eyes from weeping, and says: "You need not bear the excruciation any longer. Go and sleep. I will put the defense of a marble slab between you and that boy's outrages. Go now where the wicked cease from troubling and the weary are at rest." At the departure of such mothers let the music be an anthem instead of a dirge. While you and I hear no sound, yet there are at this moment tens of thousands of parental hearts breaking. All care was taken with the boy's schooling, all good counsels given, and the equipment for a sober and earnest and useful life was provided; but it has all gone, and the foolish son has become the heaviness of his mother.

Much of the poignancy of the parental grief arises from the ingratitude of such behavior. What an undertaking it is to conduct a family through the ailments and exposures of early life! Talk about the skill demanded of a sea captain commanding a ship across the ocean! That requires less skill than to navigate a young soul in safety across the infantile and boyhood years. The sicknesses that assault, the temptations that entrap, the anxieties that are excited! Young man, you will never know what your mother has suffered for you. You will never know how your father has toiled for you. You have been in all their thoughts, in all their plans, in all their prayers, from the time your first breath was drawn to this moment's respiration.

"But," says some young man, "my mother is gone; my behavior will not trouble her any more." Then perhaps you have her picture. Hang it up in your room in the place where you oftenest look. Go and study her features, and while you are looking the past will come back, and you may hear her voice, which is now so still, speak again, saying: "From my heavenly home, my dear boy, I solicit your reformation and salvation. Go to the Christ who pardoned me, and He will pardon you. My heaven will not be complete till I hear of your changing. But I will hear of it right away, for there is joy up here when one sinner repenteth."

Swifter than telegraphic wire ever carried congratulations to a wedding or a coronation would fly heavenward the news of your deliverance; and whether the one most interested in your salvation were on riverbank, or in the temple, or on the battlements, or in the great tower, the message would be instantly received, and before this service is closed angel would cry to angel: "Have you heard the news? Out yonder is a mother who has just heard of her wayward boy's redemption. Another prodigal has got home. The dead is alive again and the lost is found."

SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON FOR MARCH 23.

Lesson Text: "Christ Forgiving Sin," Luke v., 17-26—Golden Text: Luke v., 21—Commentary.

17. "And it came to pass on a certain day as He was teaching." Our lesson to-day finds Jesus in a house in Capernaum, the house filled with people, and such a crowd about the door that no one can come near (Mark ii., 1, 2), and Jesus is preaching the Word unto them. Just what He talked about we may infer from His discourses, which are more fully recorded; let each one search and see.

"There were Pharisees and doctors of the law sitting by, which were come out of every town of Galilee, and Judea, and Jerusalem." So that here was gathered a convention of all the leading and influential religious people of the land, and they were being addressed by this humble carpenter of Nazareth upon topics with which they ought to be very familiar, and of which the wonder in their eyes was that He should know anything.

"And the power of the Lord was present to heal them." But they had come for no such purpose; physically they were not sick, and spiritually were they not perfect, and did not all people look to them for wisdom and light? Why should it be written that there was healing for them? The answer is fully given in the eight woes of Matt. xxiii., where the Great Physician describes their case as He saw it. But they are deaf and blind, they will not hear nor see, they come seeking no favors from Him, and they go as they came deriving no benefit from the power of the Lord.

18. "And, behold, men brought in a bed a man which was taken with a palsy." Mark says that four men carried him. His trouble was paralysis; he was utterly helpless, all undone, not a thing could he do for himself.

"And they sought to bring him in, and to lay him before Him." They realized their friend's helpless condition, they were sorry for him, they believed Jesus could heal him, their sorrow for him took a very practical turn and they determined to bring him to Jesus.

19. "They went upon the housetop, and let him down through the tiling, with his couch, into the midst before Jesus." The discouragements were many and great. It seemed simply impossible to get their friend to Jesus, and it would not be strange if some of the four urged a return, hoping for another opportunity; but some one or more of the four had the right spirit, the spirit which laughs at impossibilities and cries: "It shall be done." The way to the flat housetop was not blocked, and this grand soul says: "If we can't get there in the natural way, through the door, we'll get there in an unnatural way, through the roof." When we attempt to come to Jesus or bring any one else to Him, how often we encounter what seem to be insuperable hindrances, and how seldom we see the perseverance of these four; but their's is the right way.

20. "And when He saw their faith, He said unto him, Man, thy sins are forgiven thee." The great people present may have felt like objecting very decidedly to this rude interruption; or some hateful ones may have laughed in their hearts at the meeting being thus disturbed; but the quiet calmness and dignity of Jesus would overawe them, and as all was still again, the helpless man lying on his couch in their midst, these most unexpected words fell from the preacher's lips: "Man, thy sins are forgiven thee!" As the skillful physician seeks carefully the source of the more manifest symptoms, the seat of the disease, and attends to that knowing that if the cause is removed all will be well, so Jesus goes at once to the cause of all sickness and suffering and death, and in the case of this man grants him first his greatest need, the forgiveness of his sins. At the same time He indicates to the Pharisees their need.

21. "Who is this which speaketh blasphemies? Who can forgive sins but God alone?" Thus these sin-sick Scribes and Pharisees began to reason in their hearts, not knowing that God Himself stood in their midst and uttered these words.

22. "Jesus perceived their thoughts (R. V., reasonings) said unto them: What reason ye in your hearts?" They must have been startled at having the thoughts of their hearts thus told out before all, and one would think that this would convince them that Jesus was more than man.

23. "Whether is easier, to say, Thy sins be forgiven thee; or to say, Rise up and walk?" Each was equally easy to God manifest in the flesh, but from their standpoint simply to heal the man of his sickness would not imply the same power of God as to grant forgiveness of sins, and would not have led them to accuse Him of blasphemy. To remove the source of the difficulty was certainly more difficult than to remove some of the outward symptoms. The Pharisees then and now are well content to let the inward rottenness continue if only the sepulchre is kept well whitewashed; but God's way is, give life where there has been death and cleanse the tomb of its foul contents.

24. "The Son of Man hath power upon earth to forgive sins." And He will have them to know it. But who is this Son of Man? This is the first time we find the title in this Gospel, but we shall find it about twenty-five times as we go on. It is at least thirty times in Matthew, fourteen times in Mark and ten times in John. It seems to be our Lord's favorite title of Himself, and is found outside of the Gospels only in Acts vii., 56; Heb. ii., 6; Rev. i., 13; xiv., 14. Of the eighty times He uses it in the four Gospels, He uses it in reference to His resurrection and future glory about thirty times, and that reminds us of Ps. viii., 4; lxxx., 17; Dan. vii., 13, where the Son of Man is the one to whom dominion on earth is given. He has power to remove sin and sickness, and does it even now in the case of individuals. He removes sin as to its consequences and power from every one who truly seeks Him. He removes sickness and suffering whenever it is for our good and His glory, but not until the resurrection will He give His people bodies forever free from all infirmity. The time will come when He shall have removed from the earth forever all traces of sin and the curse; and He shall do it as Son of Man, David's Son, Abraham's Son, in association with redeemed Israel and the glorified church.

25. "And immediately he rose up before them, and took up that whereon he lay, and departed to his own house, glorifying God." The Word of the Son of Man, God manifest in the flesh, did it. He forgave his sins, He healed his body. We would, as a rule, have healthier bodies if we had healthier souls, purer hearts, hearts in which the Word of God dwelt richly.

26. "Amazed—glorified God—filled with fear—we have seen strange things to-day." Jesus is the Lord God of the holy prophets (Rev. xxii., 6, 16), and if our hearts looking up to Him in childlike faith should say "Ah, Lord God! Behold, Thou hast made the heaven and the earth by Thy great power and stretched out arm, and there is nothing too hard for Thee" (Jer. xxxii., 17), we too would be amazed at the results of faith, and should be compelled to glorify God every day because of the strange things we would see. The empty would be filled, but the rich and self-satisfied would still go empty away. The Lord gives us to see our paralysis, that we may in our helpfulness come and cling to the Mighty One.—*Lesson Helper.*

A FRAUD EXPOSED.

He Owned a Complete Counterfeiter's Outfit.

A strange discovery has been made at Parkersburg, W. Va., resulting in the exposure of unexampled hypocrisy, greed and crime. Hiram Lewis lived miserably for years and was supposed to be so destitute that the City Council and charitable ladies came to his aid. Then Bishop Peterkin, who looked upon Lewis as a sort of living saint, had him removed to the Sheltering Arms Hospital. A little later Lewis was a prisoner and the good Bishop and the entire town shocked. A church elder, while packing Lewis's trunk, discovered several molds and dies for making counterfeit coin, and a search brought to light a complete counterfeiter's outfit hidden away in various nooks.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

ST. LOUIS is working hard to get a Brotherhood Club for that city.

THE Players' League meeting attracted all the prominent Brotherhood men to Cleveland.

THE Washington League Club has signed Second Baseman O'Brien, of Worcester, Mass.

THE Brooklyn team of the National League is still considered the strongest in the organization.

WES CURRY, the American Association umpire, is a conductor on a Philadelphia cable car.

A WHITE rat is the mascot for the Brooklyn League team. Caruthers is the owner of the albino rodent.

BROTHERHOOD and National League Clubs will play many of their games at the same place on the same day.

MILT SCOTT, one of Anson's old time cast off players, is to captain, manage and play first base for the Fort Wayne (Ind.) team.

THERE are four college-bred players with the New Yorks: Clark, of Williams; Young, of Harvard; Turner, of Amherst, and Dooley, of Hamilton.

SECOND BASEMAN DUNLAP, of last year's Pittsburg National League Club, has been granted his unconditional release by the Players' League.

BOSTON will have two fine Californian catchers, one in each club, next season—Hardie of the National League, and Swett of the Players' League.

BOTH the National League and the Players' League, at their recent meetings in Cleveland, adopted schedules of championship games to be played during 1890.

"EGYPTIAN" Healy, the pitcher, has gone to the Hot Springs. The Philadelphia League and the Players' team are after him. He says he will not report to Kansas City.

WHETHER the League intends to drop Indianapolis and Washington or not they gave those clubs a pretty rough deal in the matter of dates when the schedule was adopted.

THE new Boston Players' catcher, Swett, is six feet in height, weighs 175 pounds and has a smooth shaved face. John Morrill says he is remarkably accurate and swift in throwing to bases.

THE Association and League have had several babies in their day, but this is the first time they ever came four at a time. The American's nursery is full—Brooklyn, Syracuse, Rochester and Toledo are the infants.

THE grand stand on the Brooklyn Players' grounds will be 432 feet long and will be of Swiss design. It will be in the shape of a horseshoe and the main floor will have a seating capacity of 5000. There will also be fifty private boxes. This stand will have a new feature, namely, a ladies' parlor.

DR. R. S. TRACY, the Registrar of Records of the Health Department, has submitted to the Board of Health a report on the tenement-house mortality of 1888, supplementary to a report made by him on the same subject in June, 1880, says the New York *Medical Record*. The Doctor says that since the beginning of 1880 all tenement houses have been constructed under the supervision of the Health Department, and the construction of rear tenements has not been permitted. The records show these things: 1. The death-rate was lower during 1888 in houses standing singly on a lot than where there were both front and rear houses. 2. The death-rate in houses built since 1888 was lower than in houses built before that time. 3. The death-rate was remarkably lower in houses built since 1886, for both adults and children.

MR. DAVID NEAL, an American artist who lives in Munich, has been telling a reporter that for preliminary work American students no longer need to go to Europe. "It seems to me, though, that there is not enough interest and encouragement shown to American artists, and that patronage is rather a matter of fashion. I think that there is a great future for art in America. I consider that the American display in the Paris Exhibition was, next to the French, the most promising that I saw."

THE CHEROKEE STRIP.

Ten Thousand Boomers Invade the Reservation.

The Rush Caused by the Passage of the Oklahoma Bill.

A dispatch from Arkansas City, Kan., says: As the sun went down this evening over 10,000 earth-hungry boomers were scattered over the Cherokee strip. Many of them are men who have long been waiting the word and are determined to stay at all hazards and meet any attempt at expulsion by recourse to arms. The stock of the cattlemen have been stampeded by the sudden and unexpected inundation, and the force of soldiers at present available is totally unable to cope with the resistless stream of immigration. The organized boomers had set Sunday as the day upon which the invasion was to be made, and the present development is the result of an error.

Reports from all points along the Kansas border show that the wildest excitement exists at every place and that thousands of men, women and even children have rushed across the line in their haste to secure land in the section. This wild dash was caused by the following Associated Press extract of the Oklahoma bill, passed by the House: "The Cherokee Outlet is declared to be public land and open to settlement under the homestead laws and bona fide settlers and occupants are given preference right."

It was construed, by strange dullness, even in the offices of the newspapers in Arkansas City, Caldwell and Winfield to mean that the House was the sole judge of the claims of the Cherokees to the strip, and that no action by either Senate or President was necessary.

Bulletins were posted in the newspaper offices, and as editors, reporters, printers and pressmen are all "boomers," at 11 o'clock P. M. the whole of Arkansas City, Caldwell and Winfield was awake, and messages were sent with all speed to Kiowa, Hunnewell and a dozen other places, while horsemen rode at full speed to the camps of the boomers to tell the news. Soon people were running to and fro, half dressed. Many began making preparations to go at once to the strip. Before daylight a continual stream of people of every description began pouring into the strip in a steady stream. At noon there was no let-up. They went in wagons, in buggies, on horseback, on the cars and on foot, until the cities looked almost depopulated. The *Traveler*, of this city, printed enough extras, it was thought, to meet all requirements; but at 8 o'clock every copy was sold and the office was full of inquirers for news.

The cattle men in the strip worried to know how to manage their herds or where to take them. By sundown ten thousand people were in the strip, with the intention of staying there, and nothing short of the regular army will drive them from their Mecca. Many went armed with Winchester rifles, shotguns and revolvers. Some took the precaution to lay in provisions for a week, but the greater number went without knowledge of where their next meal was to come from. Some had tents and stakes for their claims, but many went empty-handed and will have to camp on the ground without pillow or cover, and with not a morsel to satisfy their hunger. There seems to be no doubt in the people's minds that the bill as it passed the House will be passed by the Senate and become a law; but the main worry that they experience is that those who enter now may not be permitted by the Government to hold their claims. They fear also that they will be expelled and every one given a fair show to enter after the bill becomes a law.

At Caldwell better counsels prevailed, but the colony of boomers decided to start Sunday at 6 o'clock in the morning. One hundred and seventy-five families, with their prairie schooners, from all over the State, have joined the colony. J. W. Nyce, Mayor of Caldwell, is at the head of the colony. He rides about on his fine black stallion, Pontiac, giving orders to boomers regarding the start. The colony has laid out a town site near Pond Creek and named it Nyceburg. There will be fully 875 teams ready to start Sunday. Captain Burbank, of Oklahoma City, is in Caldwell trying to persuade the boomers not to invade the strip, but Mayor Nyce says the people are ready to go and will go if they have to fight their way through. Captain Burbank has telegraphed for troops to stop the boomers, and when they get there a lively time is expected, as Mayor Nyce and his boomers are a determined set of men.

It was reported that a company of United States soldiers from Oklahoma City was already in the strip, waiting the advance of the boomers, and that a special train had brought reinforcements from Fort Leavenworth, Kan. Dr. Brown, an army surgeon visiting Caldwell, has been ordered to accompany the Leavenworth detachment.

THE LABOR WORLD.

THE Massachusetts Assembly of the Knights of Labor has endorsed the eight-hou idea.

GOVERNMENT mail bags are made by convicts in the Kings County (N. Y.) Penitentiary.

THE various labor organizations of New Jersey have formed "The State Industrial Senate."

MEN who are not American citizens are charged an initiation fee of $50 by the Stonecutters' Union, of San Francisco.

BOSTON'S Labor Conference requested the clergymen in and around that city to deliver short sermons on the eight-hour question.

NEARLY a thousand Hungarian coal miners arrived in New York on the steamship Eider, bound for the coal fields of Pennsylvania.

OMAHA'S building trades unionists will content themselves with the nine-hour rule this year. The outlook for the trade they say is bright.

AN international conference of colliers will be held at Islimont, Belgium, on May 20. Delegates from England, France, Germany and Austria will be present.

THE wages of the steamship firemen and seamen have been advanced ten shillings a month at Liverpool, and all trouble, so far as this class of workmen is concerned, is over.

ANOTHER conflict between Chicago's brickmakers and their employers is looked for. The eight-hour rule obtains in the trade, but the employers want to renew the ten-hour rule.

ABOUT 600 laborers employed on the docks in St. Petersburg, Russia, went on strike. The action of the men created a sensation, as it was the first strike that ever occurred in that country.

THE miners of Wales recently took a general vote to test the sentiment of their organization on the eight-hour question. The result was: For eight hours, 25,253; against, 30,051; non-committal, 7100.

THE agent of an English syndicate completed the purchase of six fine farms at Lenover, Penn., for the purpose of erecting thereon two mammoth cotton mills and dwelling-houses for the employes.

LONG MOURNED AS DEAD.

A War Veteran Returns to His Family After Twenty-eight Years.

Fritz Jabusch walked into the house of his relatives in Oshkosh, Wis., a few days ago, after an absence of nearly twenty-eight years. The story he told was a most romantic one, for he had long been mourned as dead. In 1862 Mr. Jabusch enlisted in the army and went to the front. His relatives heard from him regularly until the summer of 1863, when his letters ceased, after a battle in which his regiment had been engaged. His parents, of course, supposed him to be dead.

Jabusch now states that he was left for dead on the battle-field; was found by Confederate troops, placed in a hospital; when he recovered was confined in Libby prison. Here he remained over a year, until exchanged, and he found himself on the Atlantic coast without money and hundreds of miles from home. He shipped on board a merchantman for the East Indies as a common seaman, and has followed the sea ever since. He has acquired a competence, and will settle down in his old home.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

MRS. FRANK LESLIE will deliver a series of twenty lectures next fall.

A MONUMENT to Pergolesi, the celebrated Italian composer, is to be erected at Naples.

A COLORED violinist named White, from Brazil, is making a sensation in London and Paris.

LOUIS ALDRICH'S new comedy, "The Editor," will receive its first production in New Haven on April 8.

IT remains for St. Louis critics to find out that Clara Morris has become too fleshy to be an ideal Camille.

STUART ROBSON began an engagement at the Hollis Street Theatre, Boston, in his new play, "An Arrant Knave."

"MONEY MAD" is the startling dramatic title of Steel Mackaye's new play, on which he has put the final polishing touches.

EDWIN BOOTH has subscribed $1000 to the fund for the Vincent Hospital, an institution for the relief of working women in Boston.

"THE RIVALS," with Joseph Jefferson, W. J Florence and Mrs. John Drew, succeeded the Kendals in the Fifth Avenue Theatre, New York.

ELSIE MAUDE STANLEY HALL is a little Australian lady—aged twelve—who is delighting English audiences with her remarkable pianoforte playing.

THE Czar of Russia has issued an edict which abolishes the German Court Theatre of St. Petersburg on May 1. A French company is to replace the Germans.

HENRY M. STANLEY will receive $150,000 for his lectures in England. He expects to make as much more in this country. He will devote the next three years to the rostrum.

HANS VON BULOW has resigned, in a huff, his position as pianist to the German Court, and now advertises himself in the papers of his native country as "pianist in ordinary to his Majesty, the German people."

ACCORDING to the Musical Directory of London for 1890, there are in that city almost 4000 music-teachers and 7000 in the provinces. There are 1600 orchestral players in London, including about 700 violinists.

BUFFALO BILL was hissed in Rome for refusing to pay a prize he had promised to any one who should succeed in riding one of his wild horses. Some peasants accomplished the feat, but William claimed they had been too long in mounting.

MRS. HODGSON BURNETT has written a new piece, called "Nixie," which will be produced in London, at Terry's Theatre. The heroine is a child, of course. Should it succeed, we may look for another multitude of boy and girl prodigies.

IN Italy, it is asserted, the opera has become simply a fashionable gathering place for society, and social calls and similar enjoyments implying the free use of the tongue render the house so noisy that the music is spoiled. This fact is alleged to account for what is called the decline of opera in Italy of late years.

THERE is a highly intellectual ballet at Cologne, Germany, in which the dancers, supposed to represent atoms of different elements, unite in groups so as to form certain well known chemical combinations. The idea of conferring educational value upon this particular form of entertainment is decidedly new and ingenious.

THIRTY families of immigrants, who recently arrived at Talcahuano, Chili, were plundered of the whole of their baggage.

THE MARKETS.

11 NEW YORK.			
Beeves	3 35	@	5 00
Milch Cows, com. to good	25 00	@	45 00
Calves, common to prime	2 80	@	4 00
Sheep	5 25	@	6 00
Lambs	4 00	@	7 00
Hogs—Live	4 40	@	4 65
Dressed		4½@	7
Flour—City Mill Extra	4 30	@	4 50
Patents	4 65	@	5 25
Wheat—No. 2 Red		86⅝@	88¼
Rye—State		57 @	58¼
Barley—Two-rowed State		46 @	48
Corn—Ungraded Mixed		25½@	37¼
Oats—No. 1 White		— @	31
Mixed Western		29 @	29½
Hay—No. 1		75 @	80
Straw—Long Rye		75 @	80
Lard—City Steam		— @	5.85c
Butter—State Creamery		13 @	19
Dairy, fair to good		10 @	18
West. Im. Creamery		9 @	21
Factory		7 @	18
Cheese—State Factory		8½@	11¼
Skims—Light		4 @	9
Western		7½@	10
Eggs—State and Penn		15 @	15¼
BUFFALO.			
Steers—Western	2 15	@	4 75
Sheep—Medium to Good	5 50	@	5 70
Lambs—Fair to Good	6 65	@	6 80
Hogs—Good to Choice Yorks	4 40	@	4 45
Flour—Family	5 00	@	5 25
Wheat—No. 2 Northern		— @	84
Corn—No. 3, Yellow		33¾@	34
Oats—No. 2, White		26¾@	27
Barley—No. 1 Canada		65 @	66
BOSTON.			
Flour—Spring Wheat Pat's	5 00	@	5 50
Corn—Steamer Yellow		36 @	41
Oats—No. 2 White		31 @	35
Rye—State		58 @	60
WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET.			
Beef—Dressed weight		4 @	6½
Sheep—Live weight		3¾@	5½
Lambs		5½@	7½
Hogs—Northern		— @	5
PHILADELPHIA.			
Flour—Penn. family	3 40	@	3 75
Wheat—No. 2, Red, March		82¼@	82¾
Corn—No. 2, Mixed, March		35⅝@	35¾
Oats—Ungraded White		— @	29½
Potatoes—Rose		55 @	65
Butter—Creamery Extra		27 @	28
Cheese—Part skims		7 @	8½

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Picturesque Description of Life Among Canadian Loggers.

Plenty of Hard Work, Wholesome Food and Pure Air.

In New Brunswick the chief lumber regions are the Nashwaak, the upper St. John and its tributaries, and the northwest and southwest branches of the Miramichi. The distance from the mouth of the St. John River to the confines of Maine, where much timber is cut, is not less than 400 miles. When the timber men set out they bid their wives and sweethearts good by till after the rains of the next spring.

The place selected for operations by those brawny fellows is often a piece of primeval forest showing no sign that man has ever been there before. The trees, which are spruce, pine, birch, maple or beech, grow cleanly from the ground to a height of twenty, thirty or forty feet, and horses with bob sleds can move about easily. But winter and summer those giant evergreens retain their boughs, and these are so thick that the rays of the sun can hardly struggle through them.

Arrived at their destination the men at once set to work to build two shanties, one for themselves and another for their horses. Logs are cut and notched at the end, then dovetailed together, forming when put together a quadrangular enclosure. On the top and running parallel from end to end are two large timbers placed several feet from the centre. The roof rests along these and on the walls. One wall is higher than the other, and the roof pieces, each of which is hollowed out, are fitted together concavely and convexly. They project beyond the wall on the lower side and carry off the water.

In the middle of the old-fashioned shanty is the fireplace, built of stone and capable of holding nearly a cord of wood. There is no chimney, but a hole in the roof with a wooden framework outside draws the smoke. The seams are stuffed with moss or hay, and the rude dwelling is quite comfortable. The men lie in bunks around and can see the stars through the great opening above.

Two huge cranes are fixed at each side of the fireplace, upon which the cook can hang his different pots. A capable cook is about the best paid man in the camp, getting as high as $30 a month. He has a "cookee" to assist him. And these sturdy woodchoppers put windows in their rude dwellings, and it is a cheerful sight for the trapper on a frosty night as he trudges through the forest to see the ruddy light streaming out upon the snow and see the sparks and smoke ascend into the clear, bitter air.

The cook is about the most important man in the camp. But he has to rise each morning a couple of hours before the wintry stars begin to pale in the dawn to get breakfast. If the shanty is within reasonable distance of civilization he will have such delicacies now and again as fresh beef and potatoes, which he cooks in a huge, wide-bottomed pot. His pans, drinking basins, pots and kettles have all been cleaned in hot water before he retires at night, and everything is ready at his hand in the morning.

Some time before breakfast is ready the teamsters get up and feed their horses, which are provided with a warm shanty. The meal is hastily made, the men light their pipes, shoulder their axes, and followed by the teamsters lead the way to the chopping ground. Usually there are a couple of guns in the party and these woodsmen are tolerable shots. Sometimes a moose is killed and handed over to the cook, who makes it into the most savory of dishes. Frequently a good sportsman will go out and get six to eight brace of grouse or "spruce partridge" as the woodsmen call them, and these the cook plucks, cleans, hangs for a few days and then stews with onions and savory, the aroma from the inviting mess rising on the air and delighting the nostrils of the hungry men as they return from work.

And what appetites these choppers have when they return to the shanties in the dusk! There is nearly always a stream hard by, and to this they go and have a wash, brushing their hair up with the crown of their soft hats or caps.

The cook is ready for them. He has a huge pot of hot tea, abundance of hot bread and fried pork swimming in lard. Sometimes he has an enormous "batter cake," moist with lard and containing bits of pork cut up small mixed through it. Each man takes a tin dish, in which he puts his bread and pork, pouring a quantity of molasses over both. He then fills his pint tin with tea, and taking his clasp knife or a heavy metal knife provided in the camp sits close to the roaring fire. He pours plenty of molasses into his tea. Everything goes on with the best nature and after supper the pipes are lighted. In a little while the choppers go and grind their axes for the morrow, and the rest stretch around in their bunks telling stories or singing songs. They go to bed at nine o'clock. —*New York Herald.*

A Tame Seal.

"Dick" the baby seal caught in the brush near the salt works about two months ago, says a Redondo (Cal.) correspondent of the Los Angeles *Express*, has become a great pet and a general favorite. He was set free about two weeks since and immediately made a wild break for deep water, into which he disappeared in a twinkling. It was thought he would surely join the wild herd and never come back, but in less than half an hour after his liberation he came paddling up alongside the pier under the fisherman's poles, poked his head out of the water, and began to cry and beg most piteously for fish. And so now every day from early morn until sunset, he spends his time gamboling in deep water around the pier. He affords a fine chance to study the animal's habits in his native element. A few days since "Dick" went out with the fishermen about four miles from shore. When the boat stopped "Dick" climbed in and sat down on the seat to await developments. Soon a small, live fish was thrown overboard, and "Dick" jumped in after it, captured it, and immediately climbed in and resumed his seat beside the fishermen. This was repeated many times during the day. At about sundown "Dick" swims out to the steam tug Pelican, climbs up on deck and sleeps there all night. He also sometimes sleeps on shore under the end of the pier.

The Care of Canaries.

A good many people don't know how to take care of canary birds, and therefore give them the following advice, which I got from a bird fancier: "Never give your bird sugar or figs or raisins or anything sweet, except a small piece of sweet apple (peeled) twice a week. Put the apple in the cage in the morning and take it out at night. It should have all the rape and canary seed it wants, and gravel should be kept in the bottom of the cage. Avoid feeding the bird on celery. Twice a week feed it on one-third of a boiled egg, using both the white and yellow of the egg. Grate up the egg; that is better than putting it in whole. Give it the egg the day before it gets the apple, and as large a piece of the former as of the latter. Let it have a bath every day, using water with the chill taken off."

The Boss of the House.

Little 5-year-old Buster was celebrating his birthday yesterday and did pretty much as he pleased. He felt his superiority to baby and showed it plainly and emphatically. Mamma had made him a large cake, which he eyed avariciously as dinner time approached.

"I'm the boss of that cake," he finally remarked to his younger brother.

"Yes," replied baby, "but you ain't the boss of this house."

"I know it," said the celebrant.

Papa, who was sitting near, threw himself back in his chair, and, inflating his chest, asked: "Who is boss in this house, my son?"

"Mamma," came the quick retort of the observing youngster.—*Rochester Union and Advertiser.*

A Long Horseback Ride.

A Cossack officer named Pyevtzoff is taking a horseback ride from Bielovetchensk, on the River Amoor, in eastern Siberia, to St. Petersburg, a distance of 5300 miles. He goes quite alone on an ordinary cavalry horse and carrying his provisions with him. He started in November, and when last seen by a party of merchants near Irkutsk was in good health and spirits, and had made about a quarter of the distance. It will be the longest ride on record.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN.

HOW ROBBY MADE THE WOLF FLEE.

Robby Severns had a great ambition to be a hunter, or else the ambition was so great that it had Robby hard and fast. Anyway, hunting was his one and only thought and theme by day and by night—hunting real wild animals, of course; and a mouse running across the room after night would have upset his courage, quite.

"Oh, when will I ever be big enough to have a gun?' he demanded of mother one morning not so long after Christmas had come and gone, and still found him pining for the gun he dreamed of almost constantly.

Does my little boy really think he would be so much happier hunting fierce wild animals than trying hard to learn his lessons and please and help his mother?" asked mother, with one of her looks that "went right through," as Robby said.

"Not all the time, of course, mamma. I'd study and work, too; but if I only had a gun!"

"I have heard," said mother, thoughtfully, "of a way of vanquishing wild beasts without a gun, which seems to me a great deal braver."

"Oh, you mean killing them with swords and spears like the savages do," sniffed Robby, in disdain.

"No," said mamma; "I've heard that if a man is brave enough to stand firm and look a wild beast in the eye, it will turn and flee from him, which I should think would be all one could ask."

"Whew!" was all Robby could say at first to this astonishing statement. "But, mamma," he gathered himself together enough to say, at last, "how would any one ever get skins and tusks and things in that way?"

"You see, I was thinking about a man who was too brave to butcher animals just for the money he could get for their skins; but who would only want to conquer his real enemy for his own safety, you see, and not for the sake of taking life. I think there are things as terrible as wolves for a boy to overcome. I'd rather hear a wolf snarl than a—there's company."

Robbie went away looking pretty much as he might if he had got his gun and had fired a double charge, and it had kicked and upset Robby Severns completely. Maybe he was upset—in some of his notions about things, anyway.

"See here, Kate!" he was just beginning to say in a very snappish tone he had used very much of late when anything went wrong with him. "I wish you wouldn't be forever—"

Why didn't he go on and finish his fault-finding? Why did he stop on tiptoe opposite the parlor door?

"A perfect bear about the house," he heard the glib voice of Miss Tellman rattling off with "Ohs" and "Ahs" and "dear mes" and "dreadfuls," plentifully besprinkled.

"I don't see how the poor woman endures such a life; and the boys are like a pack of snarling wolves."

That was all he wanted to hear," "bears and wolves." In some one's home, right in that town, too! "Yes and in this house," he thought, "If I didn't see one poking his head over the banister just now. Robby Severns, you've just got to be brave now and look that wolf in the eye until he skulks away. "I say, Kate," he repeated after a minute, in a tone so different from the first, that a stranger would have thought Kate had one cross and one pleasant brother; "if you can get any good out of that old geography, look at the pictures until your eyes are tired."

And Katie eyed Robby in such a wistful, surprised, pleased way that he slipped up and chucked her under the chin, and added, "but what do you eye me that way for, Sis?"

"'Tause you're such a dood Wobby 'is time," was the guileless answer.

"Then I'll keep on hunting wolves," said Robby to himself, "and maybe this is what mother meant, anyway."—*New York Observer.*

Developed.

"I never told you that story before, Jim."

"Yes, you did, Bill; but it has grown a good deal in the last 20 years, and I'm glad to meet it again."

Eat cold food slowly, is a warning from the wise, and eat sparingly of it, too. If you do eat cold food don't wash it down with ice water.

SCIENTIFIC SCRAPS.

In Paris there is a skating rink formed of real ice on a circular basin of water artificially cooled by pipes containing ammonia gas.

Irrigation in Australia has so far advanced that the necessary works for the efficient irrigation of 25,000 acres of land are completed, and special machinery for plowing and grubbing has already been constructed.

It is reported that the electric locomotives now being built for the London and Southwark Subway have, on trial, proved to be capable of moving the loaded trains at a speed of twenty-five miles an hour with ease.

On the Vienna and Buda Pesth telephone line of silicium bronze ice has been observed to collect to twice the thickness that it forms on neighboring telegraph wires of iron. Difference of vibration is a suggested cause.

A case of transmission of inflection to an unborn child has occurred in Paris. A child born during the convalescence of the mother from pneumonia was affected with the same malady, and died at the end of five days.

The aim, as far as smokeless powders are concerned, where high explosives are used, is by chemical and mechanical means to render detonation impossible, and to convert a violent explosive into a trustworthy and controllable propellant.

After twenty months of trial, Dr. E. Houze, of the Hospital St. Jean, Brussels, reports tannin the most beneficial substance in consumption he has known. After the first few days expectoration, sweats and cough diminish, and the appetite improves.

The fact of finding "gulf weed" within a few miles of the Nantucket light vessel is not held so much to prove that the gulf stream is nearer our shores as it does that winds have prevailed in the direction from which the weed has come.

A British scientist recommends entomology as not only a very useful but a refining and civilizing recreation. The vast scope of this field of study is indicated by the estimate that 2,000,000 species of insects exist, and 200,000 have been described.

The international displays of scientific progress to be made this year include the Electrical and Industrial Exhibition at Edinburgh and the Exhibition of Botany and Microscopy at Antwerp. At the latter will be celebrated the tercentenary of the compound microscope.

Riveting by electricity has been successfully accomplished. The cold rivet is placed in the hole and when heated to the proper temperature it can be closed by any of the apparatus now in use. The heating of a half inch rivet of two or three inches in length takes about half a minute.

A famous Viennese oculist says, for the benefit of the people who have to earn a livelihood with the pen: "Never write on white paper if you can get yellow paper. A sheet or card of the same shade placed on the wall over the desk will assist in giving the eyes rest, and this will facilitate the work." He has made this suggestion to many, and in each case has received the thanks of those who have been benefitted by it. It is simple, and does not require any philosophy to prove it.

They Are Good Swimmers.

In many parts of New Zealand horses are kept by the government for the express purpose of taking travelers across rivers in which fords will often change every week, and it is beautiful to see how bold, and yet how sagaciously cautious such horses often become. "If you have got the sense to let the old horse alone, he will take you over all right," is the marching orders usually given to the traveler mounted on one of these horses, to cross a river in which no man and no boat could live, and in a country where more colonists have been drowned in fresh water than in any other part of the world. Too rapid and too full of timber and rocks for any boat, too benumbingly cold for the best swimmer and the best human lungs in the world to live in them a quarter of an hour; these rivers, flooded with snow water, can often only be crossed by a very powerful, surefooted, courageous horse, that knows where to swim and where to walk, or by one that has a rider on his back that can show him and consult him by turns.

CORN AND WHEAT STOCKS.

The March Report of the Department of Agriculture.

Plenty of Corn on Hand, But a Small Supply of Wheat.

The statistical report of the Department of Agriculture for March relates to the distribution and consumption of corn and wheat. It makes the proportion of the corn crop in the hands of growers 45.9 per cent., or 970,000,000 bushels, and of the wheat crop 31 per cent., or 156,000,000 bushels.

The stock of corn on hand is the largest ever reported in March of the largest crop after the mildest winter. The average of eight annual returns is 677,000,000 bushels; that of last year, 787,000,000 bushels. The estimated consumption to March 1 is 1,143,000,000 bushels, a figure only exceeded last year and in 1886. The proportion of merchantable corn of the crop of 1889 is 85.7 per cent., exceeded in recent years only by those of 1884 and 1886. The average value of all corn December 1 was 28.3 cents per bushel. The average March 1 was 27.9 cents for merchantable and 19.2 for unmerchantable, making an aggregate of value $35,000,000 less than the December estimate.

The wheat crop of 1889 was exceeded by the crops of 1880, 1882 and 1884. The average remainder in the hands of growers March 1 for ten years past has been 130,000,000 bushels. The average crop during this period was 450,000,000 bushels. Only in years having a product much below this average has the March remainder fallen below 130,000,000 bushels, with the sole exception of 1886, when a crop of 457,000,000 bushels followed one of 357,000,000.

Most of the wheat in farmers' hands is in States which have no surplus over consumption, or in those in which much the larger portion is consumed at home. The six spring wheat States have only 45,000,000 bushels, 18,000,000 of which will be required for spring seed, and the remainder is scarcely more than four months' consumption of their population. Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri and Kansas, the only winter wheat States east of the Rocky Mountains contributing to commercial distribution, have only 60,000,000 bushels, half of which will be needed at home, and a part of the remainder is commercially unavailable at present prices. It is seen, therefore, that the available supply for exportation and for home distribution to July is small. The depleted farm reserves have been measurably filled, except in a few States, but it will require the presence of high prices to squeeze any considerable proportion of them into commercial distribution.

DIED UNDER THE LASH.

Two Murdered Children and a Fugitive Mother.

Mrs. Sarah Higgins, of Tefton, Ga., is a fugitive from justice, hounded by officers and haunted by the memory of her two dead children, barbarously lashed to death by her own hands. Becoming angered at the little ones for some offence she tied them and began the punishment. One of the children died while under the lash and the other was so badly scourged that it died during the night. The next morning the fiendish parent left the house and disappeared.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

CARDINAL NEWMAN has just entered on his ninetieth year.

THOMAS A. EDISON'S birthday is now noted in the British almanacs.

QUEEN VICTORIA is to have her portrait painted for the German regiment of which she is honorary Colonel.

IT is said that De Lesseps is almost broken down over the unfavorable report of the Panama canal commission.

EDWARD ROTHSCHILD, the head of the great European banking house, is now traveling through the United States.

LORD DUNRAVEN says he won't send a yacht across the Atlantic for any lesser race than the race for the America's cup.

JOHN SWINTON, the labor reformer, writes occasionally from Europe that he is in good spirits and health, and enjoying himself.

GENERAL BOULANGER has abandoned his Island of Jersey retreat and has taken a fashionable house in London for the season.

SECRETARY PROCTOR'S wife has gone to the Hot Springs of North Carolina in the hope of getting rid of her rheumatism there.

POSTMASTER-GENERAL WANAMAKER is said to have under consideration the founding of a large mission church in Philadelphia.

ROSCOE CONKLING once said that if Jay Gould had gone into politics he would have become the master politician of this country.

THE youngest millionaire in New York is Marshall O. Roberts, son of the late Marshall O. Roberts. He is ten years old and worth $5,000,000.

THE health of the King of Holland, who is now seventy-three years of age, is much improved, to the disgust of the people, who were arranging not long ago for a regency.

THE death of Count Peter Alexandrovitch Valouieff at St. Petersburg removes one of the last survivors of the liberal statesmen who surrounded the Emperor Alexander II.

HERR KRUPP, proprietor of the extensive cannon foundry at Essen, Germany, has given half a million of dollars for the erection of homes for workingmen and a training school for women.

SENATOR HOAR frankly confesses that the reason why the debates in Congress are not reported at greater length in the newspapers is because they are for the most part tiresome and uninteresting.

GREEN B. RAUM, the Pension Commissioner, is a stout, broad-shouldered man, with dark whiskers and hazel eyes. A correspondent says that fully $100,000,000 will pass through his hands this year.

THE health of the ex-Empress Carlotta of Mexico has considerably improved of late, and few traces now remain of the mental disease from which she has suffered ever since the tragic death of her husband.

EMPEROR WILLIAM, of Germany, is having his portrait painted by three artists and is sitting to a sculptor for his bust. He has issued an edict prohibiting the sale of his photographs without his personal sanction.

SENOR CASTELAR, the great Spanish republican, has recently brought himself into ill odor among his own party by the display of his personal esteem for Queen Christina and his solicitude during the illness of the baby King.

PROFESSOR JOHN F. WIER, of the Yale Art School, has just finished the model for a statue to ex-President Theodore Woolsey, which will probably soon be cast. The figure, including the pedestal, will stand sixteen feet high.

Saltillo.

It is reported the children of John D. Crotsley are no better. It is sincerely hoped they may soon recover.

Rev. Bradford baptized five candidates, for admission into the Baptist chuch at Three Springs last Sunday afternoon 2.30 o'clock.

Rumor says Clayton Houck has thrown up the purchase of the McClain Hotel and now this splendid offer of a good hotel at moderate price will be offered to some other party.

Miss Mary McClain of Broad Top, has returned to the McClain Hotel, with health greatly improved and will continue teaching her school term out at Pine Grove.

Calvin Green and his youngest daughter have returned from their recen ttrip to Washington, Botimore, and elsewhere.

John Giffin and brother are out buying sheep. They drove through our main street quite a fine flock one day last week.

T. L. Uttley is visiting friends at Newton Hamilton and Mifflin, Pa.

Miss Mary Uttley is visiting friends at Huntingdon.

The Patriotic Sons of America met at the school house "on the hill" Saturday night, with an enrolled membership of thirty names. It is said it will be an order full of benefits.

It is said there has been formed at Saltillo, an "organization of the Patriotic Sons of America." All respectable men can become members, if their pocket books be full.

R. W. Hudson and his book keeper, William Faulkender, will commence building in a short time.

JohnHenry, of Clear Rridge, Fulton county, visited Saltillo last Saturday on business.

Asher Drake is about to commence the erection of a large barn.

Henry Hudson and wife, attended the communion services at the Presbyterian church at Shirleysburg last Sunday,

Harper Fleming is erecting a handsome fence around his residence.

C. B. Crum received six hundred bushels of corn last week, and is sell ing the same at 30 cents per bushel. It is said corn can be bought out west at ten cents per bushel.

Miss Grace Thomas the fair young teacher of the small school, will leave for her home in Philadelphia next week, as Monday will be her last day to teach. May Heaven's richest blessings attend the dear girl.

George Thomas of Osceola, is expected to move to the house he bought last fall.

Mr. Lightner of Shirleysburg, has rented the Strayer farm and is expected to move here April 1st.

Patrick H. Bence of Three Springs, after being given up to die, is reported some better. We wish him a speedy recovery.

Ves. Smyers expects to move his family from Saltillo the 1st of April, when they will take up house keeping on Mrs. Smyers' father's farm.

Cass Township.

Candidates for the county superintendency are the most pleasant men we meet these dreary days.

Mr. Philip Aaron will soon commence the building of a house on his lot at the Forks. Philip is an honest and industrious young man, and is deserving of the success he is having in his business.

Mr. Samuel Bowman has been engaged the past few months in erecting a barn for Adam Roland, of Trough Creek Valley.

There are some men who are always complaining of the roads in Cass and Union townships. We admit the roads are in a bad condition. but it is due to the great amount of rain and hauling of ties and lumber over them and not to the neglect of the supervisors. We hope the chronic road complainer will some day go where the roads never get muddy.

About twenty of our young folks. were up to the spelling at Curtin school and succeeded in taking first rank in good spelling. Score one for Latta Grove.

Miss Jerodene Crotsley, of Hares Valley, is lying quite low with scarlet fever. There are a number of cases of fever in the uper end, but none are serious, except the one mentioned.

County Superintendent Brumbaugh visited Latta Grove school last week. M. G. is a very agreeable, gentleman and always talks so pleasant and encourageing that the studentst anb teachers are always glad to have him in the school room.

Cassville.

Many good horses are for sale in Trough Creek Valley. Teamsters have not made expenses on account of bad roads. Thirty ponies were brought to R. P. Smith's for sale last Saturday, but they took nearly all of them to Franklin county.

Norvil Greenland has not been well, and Jas. E. Glasgow is quite unwell.

Miss Nimphia Cook is visiting her many friends in this village.

On Tuesday last, the John Houck farm at Eagle Foundry, was sold at public sale to Eli Keith.

Miss Hattie Heaton has returned to her sister's in Huntingdon. It was hoped by her friends that she would make this her home.

A Mr. Brindle and a Miss Showalter, came from beyond Paradise to be married by Rev. Mason. Thursday, the Rev. Mason refused to marry Scott Dunlap to a Miss Tice, both of New Grenada, because their license was granted in Fulton county. I do not mean to mis-lead your readers, Paradise is neither a fairy nor a Biblical one. Neither is the New Grenada I refer to in South America, nor Spain, but we hope that the two married couples will be known as those too names,—favorably of course.

At Bowman's sale to-day grain brought a good price. Stock was dull sale. These sales give trouble when a man can't redeem his note in six or nine months. If it were not for bailing and waiting on overdue notes, I would feel that I was fairly rich.

Since I last wrote, Mr. Frank Mierley of Cass township was married to Miss Anna Oakman, of Calvin. Both are well and favorably known and it is hoped that the auspicious present will insure a blissful future.

Mount Union.

Prof. Zera entertained a large audience on Saturday night with his exhibitions of ventriloquism, sleight of hand, music etc., etc.

Mrs. Morrison, of Bellville, spent a few days in town last week, with her cousin, Mrs. W. A. Hunter.

Rev. I. N. Moorhead was visible on our streets last week.

Mrs. Jno. Hatt, of Orbisonia, is visiting friends in Mount Union this week.

Nevin Shaver's happy face was to be seen last week. He made a short stop with his parents.

Miss. Maud Hunter is suffering from an attack of neuralgia, and sore throat.

Rev. S. D. Wilson preached in the M. E. church last Sunday night. His sermon was well received.

Rev. C. L. Benscoter left for conference on day express, Monday.

Rev. C. W. Hamilton preached in the Presbyterian church Sunday night. He gave a very good sermon, notwithstanding the fact that he suffered much from a very severe cold.

The chair company shipped a load of chairs on Saturday, and another on Mondav. The sample 12doz shipped the Huntingdon Reformatory gave such satisfaction that the order was duplicated.

We have a new council and it is to be hoped they will keep the street crossings in better shape than the previous one. The crossings are in a miserable condition, and persons cannot cross the streets without almost sticking in the mud. We trust the council will take action on this matter.

We Must Have Room!

What do you think of this?

Good C Sugar,	6c
Best C "	7c
Soft White Sugar,	7½c
Granulated "	8c
3 Cans Corn,	25c
3 " Choice Tomatoes,	25c
8 lbs. Hominy,	25c
" Dried Peas,	25c
Dried Sweet Corn,	6c
4 lbs. Rice,	30c
Good Roasted Coffee,	24c
Choice Green Coffee,	25c
Corn and Gloss Starch, per 1-lb parkage,	8c
Full Cream Cheese,	16c
Sardines, per can,	7c
Strawberries, per can,	10c
Blackberries, "	10c

Do not forget us when you want Flour or Chop.

Leave your orders for all kinds of Coal.

Choice Evaporated Fruits, Apples, Pears, Plums, Apricots, Peaches, Prunellas.

Loose California Raisins, 10c

Just Received:

Fine Lot Laces and Irish Trimmings, per yard, 2c, up.

Floor Oil Cloth, fine pattern, per yard, to close out, 25c

Do not forget us when you need

Dry Goods,
Carpets & Oil Cloth,
Queensware,
Tobacco & Cigars,
Boots & Shoes,
Hats & Caps,
Tinware, Hardware,
Wood & Willow-ware,
Fresh and Cured Meats,
Wall Paper & Border,
Window Shades.

Wanted!

Potatoes, Corn, Oats, and R. R. Ties.

Cash and prompt-paying trade wanted. No other.

B. O'CONNOR & SONS.

Smith Valley.

On last Sabbath morning Mr. Caleb Wright turned his horses out to go to water, and he, thinking they were going to run away, started to head them off, and by so doing fell over an old trough and hurt his side so severely that he is compelled to stay in the house.

The greatest enterprise of our Valley for the past week seems to be horses: a drover from Wis. brought 22 fine horses to R. P. Smiths, and offered them at very low prices; besides R. P. Smith has purchased a span of mules; M. C. Chilcote has purchased a young horse and J. M. Queryr and Sons, traded for a young mare.

Mr. H. A. Monihen is conducting a singing school in our township with great success: Henry understands his business and deserves patronage by those who wish vocal training.

We hear that there will be two or three weddings in our valley in the near future; this is the result of the older persons setting the example.

Miss Loretta Mierly whose illness was mentioned in a recent number of the ITEM we are happy to say is again able to go to school.

The writer has been too busy this week to furnish many items but we promise to do better next time.

We wish some more of our citizens would subscribe for the best paper in the county. By this saying we mean the Mapleton ITEM.

The Beauties of the Season!

Everybody is delighted with the nice selection of

Fall & Winter Millinery!

Miss Mattie Robley,

Main St., Mapleton Depot, Pa.

I have just received another large addition to my well-selected —stock of— HATS, BONNETS, FEATHERS, BIRDS, RIBBONS, —AND— OTHER TRIMMINGS.

I Will Positively not be Undersold!

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE, with its varied and excellent contents, is a library in itself.

It was indeed a happy thought to print an entire novel in each number.

Not a short novelette, but a long story such as you are used to get in book form and pay from one dollar to one dollar and a half for.

Not only that, but with each number you get an abundance of other contributions, which gives you a good magazine besides the novel.

The ringing blows which have been struck on the gateway of popular favor, have resounded throughout the entire land, and to-day Lippincott's Magazine stands in the front rank of monthly publications, and is the most widely-read-and-talked-of publication of its kind in the world. For full descriptive circulars, address

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CAUTION.

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